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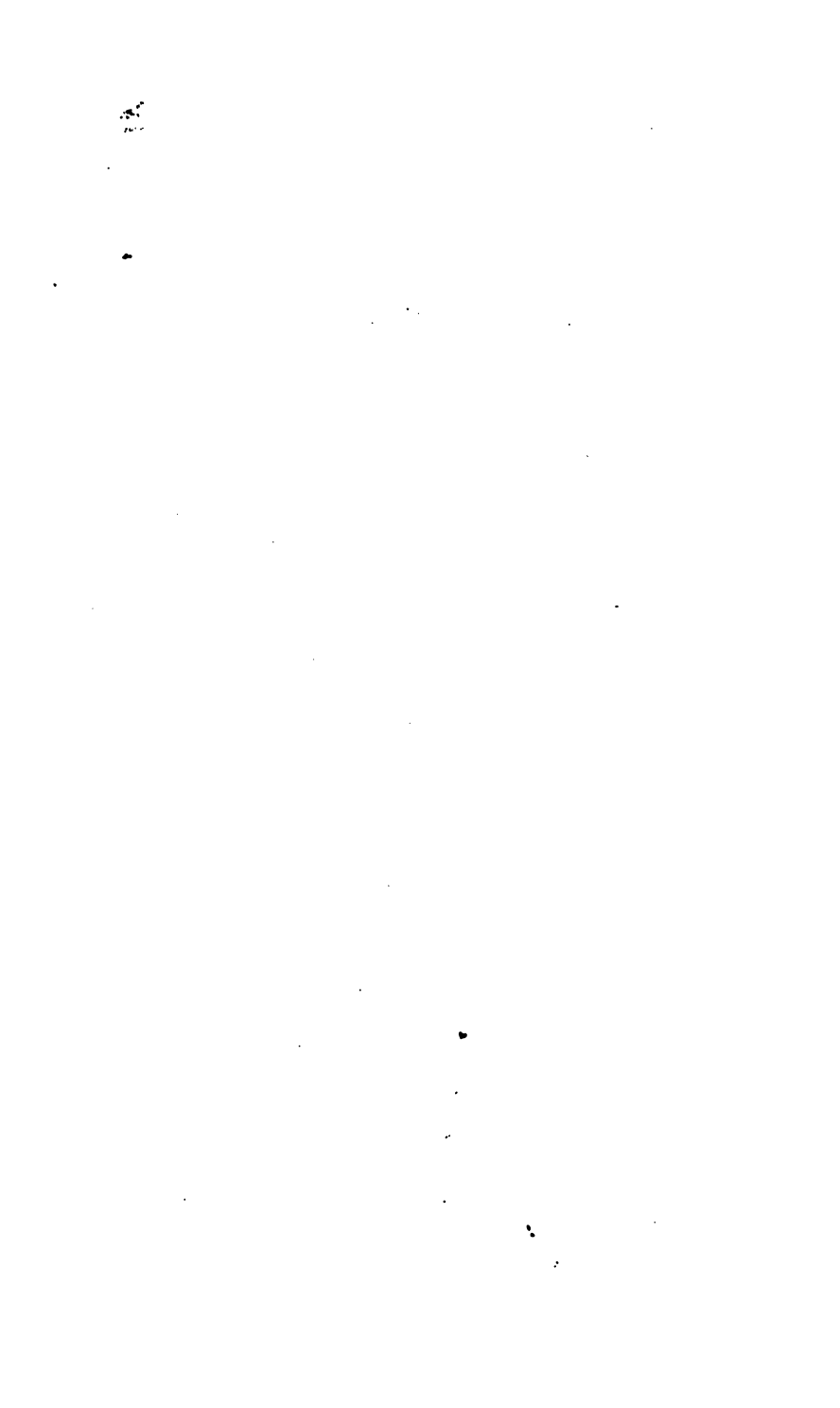
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THE  
CHILD'S LATIN ACCIDENCE

EXTRACTED FROM

DR. KENNEDY'S CHILD'S LATIN PRIMER.



LONDON:  
LONGMANS, GREEN, AND CO.  
1869.

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## PREFACE.

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# THE CHILD'S LATIN ACCIDENCE.

## SIGNS OF SPEECH.

### § 1.

THE LATIN LETTERS are twenty-five, being the same as the English without W.

Six of the Letters are Vowels, a, e, i, o, u, y : the rest are Consonants, which cannot be sounded without a vowel.

CONSONANTS are divided into Liquids, Double Consonants, and Mutes.

The Liquids are l, m, n, r ; Double Consonants, x, z ; the rest are Mutes.

X is called a Double Consonant, because it consists of the two consonants c s.

Y and z are used only in words which come from Greek.

### § 2.

A SYLLABLE is a single sound, consisting of one or more letters : as, i-lex.

A DIPHTHONG is when two vowels make a single sound : as, ae, oe, au.

There are three usual diphthongs, ae, oe, au ; and three seldom used, ei, eu, ui.

A SHORT Syllable has the mark (˘) over its vowel ; a LONG Syllable has the mark (¯).

## PARTS OF SPEECH.—DECLENSION.

### § 3.

THE PARTS of SPEECH are Eight ; viz.

|                              |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. <i>Noun Substantive ;</i> | 5. <i>Adverb ;</i>           |
| 2. <i>Noun Adjective ;</i>   | 6. <i>Preposition ;</i>      |
| 3. <i>Pronoun ;</i>          | 7. <i>Conjunction ;</i>      |
| 4. <i>Verb ;</i>             | 8. <i>Interjection ;</i>     |
| which are <i>declined.</i>   | which are <i>undeclined.</i> |

## SUBSTANTIVES.

## § 4.

The NOUN SUBSTANTIVE is declined by Number and Case.

The NUMBERS are two : I. *Singular*. II. *Plural*.

The CASES are six : *Nominative, Vocative, Accusative, Genitive, Dative, Ablative*.

## § 5.

There are five DECLENSIONS of Latin Substantives, known by the Character ; that is, the letter which stands before -rum or -um in the Genitive Case Plural.

|                                                  |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| The Character of the 1st Declension is . . . . . | A                |
| " 2nd "                                          | O                |
| " 3rd "                                          | a Consonant or I |
| " 4th "                                          | U                |
| " 5th "                                          | E                |

The GENDERS are three : *Masculine, Feminine, Neuter*.

When a Noun can be either Masculine or Feminine, its Gender is called *Common*.

## § 6.

The Nominative of the FIRST DECLENSION ends in -a, chiefly of the Feminine Gender.

|      | Singular.                         | Plural.                           |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Nom. | mens-a, a table                   | mens-ae, tables                   |
| Voc. | mens-a, O table                   | mens-ae, O tables                 |
| Acc. | mens-am, a table                  | mens-as, tables                   |
| Gen. | mens-ae, of a table               | mens-Arum, of tables              |
| Dat. | mens-ae, to or for a table        | mens-is, to or for tables         |
| Abl. | mens-a, by, with, or from a table | mens-is, by, with, or from tables |

## § 7.

The Nominative of the SECOND DECLENSION ends in -us or -er, chiefly of the Masculine gender : in -um of the Neuter.

## (a) Masculine Substantives.

| (1)  | Singular.                         | Plural.                           |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Nom. | domin-us, a lord                  | domin-i, lords, m.                |
| Voc. | domin-e, O lord                   | domin-i, O lords                  |
| Acc. | domin-um, a lord                  | domin-os, lords                   |
| Gen. | domin-i, of a lord                | domin-Orum, of lords              |
| Dat. | domin-o, to or for a lord         | domin-is, to or for lords         |
| Abl. | domin-o, by, with, or from a lord | domin-is, by, with, or from lords |

Names in -ius form the Vocative Singular in -i ; as from Lucius, Luci, O Lucius. Also from filius, son ; fili, O son.

| (2) Singular. |                                        | Plural.                                |  |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|
| Nom.          | puer, <i>a boy</i>                     | puēr-ī, <i>boys, m.</i>                |  |
| Voc.          | puer, <i>O boy</i>                     | puēr-ī, <i>O boys</i>                  |  |
| Acc.          | puēr-um, <i>a boy</i>                  | puēr-os, <i>boys</i>                   |  |
| Gen.          | puēr-ī, <i>of a boy</i>                | puēr-ōrum, <i>of boys</i>              |  |
| Dat.          | puēr-o, <i>to or for a boy</i>         | puēr-is, <i>to or for boys</i>         |  |
| Abl.          | puēr-o, <i>by, with, or from a boy</i> | puēr-is, <i>by, with, or from boys</i> |  |

| (3)  |                                              |                                              |  |
|------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|
| Nom. | magister, <i>a master</i>                    | magistr-ī, <i>masters, m.</i>                |  |
| Voc. | magister, <i>O master</i>                    | magistr-ī, <i>O masters</i>                  |  |
| Acc. | magistr-um, <i>a master</i>                  | magistr-os, <i>masters</i>                   |  |
| Gen. | magistr-ī, <i>of a master</i>                | magistr-ōrum, <i>of masters</i>              |  |
| Dat. | magistr-o, <i>to or for a master</i>         | magistr-is, <i>to or for masters</i>         |  |
| Abl. | magistr-o, <i>by, with, or from a master</i> | magistr-is, <i>by, with, or from masters</i> |  |

| (1)  |                                        | (b) Neuter.                            |  |
|------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|
| Nom. | bell-um, <i>a war</i>                  | bell-a, <i>Wars</i>                    |  |
| Voc. | bell-um, <i>O war</i>                  | bell-a, <i>O wars</i>                  |  |
| Acc. | bell-um, <i>a war</i>                  | bell-a, <i>Wars</i>                    |  |
| Gen. | bell-ī, <i>of a war</i>                | bell-ōrum, <i>of wars</i>              |  |
| Dat. | bell-o, <i>to or for a war</i>         | bell-is, <i>to or for wars</i>         |  |
| Abl. | bell-o, <i>by, with, or from a war</i> | bell-is, <i>by, with, or from wars</i> |  |

## § 8.

The Nominative of the THIRD DECLENSION ends in **a, e, o, c, l, n, r, s, t, x.**

## A. CONSONANT-NOUNS.

## (a) Masculine and Feminine.

| Singular. |                                           | Plural.                                     |  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| Nom.      | judex, <i>a judge</i>                     | judic-es, <i>judges, m.</i>                 |  |
| Voc.      | judex, <i>O judge</i>                     | judic-es, <i>O judges</i>                   |  |
| Acc.      | judic-em, <i>a judge</i>                  | judic-es, <i>judges</i>                     |  |
| Gen.      | judic-is, <i>of a judge</i>               | judic-um, <i>of judges</i>                  |  |
| Dat.      | judic-i, <i>to or for a judge</i>         | judic-ibus, <i>to or for judges</i>         |  |
| Abl.      | judic-e, <i>by, with, or from a judge</i> | judic-ibus, <i>by, with, or from judges</i> |  |

## (b) Neuter.

|      |                                          |                                            |
|------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Nom. | nomen, <i>a name</i>                     | nomīn-a, <i>names</i>                      |
| Voc. | nomen, <i>O name</i>                     | nomīn-a, <i>O names</i>                    |
| Acc. | nomen, <i>a name</i>                     | nomīn-a, <i>names</i>                      |
| Gen. | nomīn-is, <i>of a name</i>               | nomīn-um, <i>of names</i>                  |
| Dat. | nomīn-i, <i>to or for a name</i>         | nomīn-ibus, <i>to or for names</i>         |
| Abl. | nomīn-o, <i>by, with, or from a name</i> | nomīn-ibus, <i>by, with, or from names</i> |

## B. I-NOUNS.

## (a) Masculine and Feminine.

|      | Singular.                                  | Plural.                                     |
|------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| (1)  |                                            |                                             |
| Nom. | ov- <b>is</b> , a sheep                    | ov- <b>es</b> , sheep, f.                   |
| Voc. | ov- <b>is</b> , O sheep                    | ov- <b>es</b> , O sheep                     |
| Acc. | ov- <b>em</b> , a sheep                    | ov- <b>es</b> , sheep                       |
| Gen. | ov- <b>is</b> , of a sheep                 | ov- <b>ium</b> , of sheep                   |
| Dat. | ov- <b>i</b> , to or for a sheep           | ov- <b>ibus</b> , to or for sheep           |
| Abl. | ov- <b>e</b> , by, with, or from a sheep   | ov- <b>ibus</b> , by, with, or from sheep   |
| (2)  |                                            |                                             |
| Nom. | dens, a tooth                              | dent- <b>es</b> , teeth, m.                 |
| Voc. | dens, O tooth                              | dent- <b>es</b> , O teeth                   |
| Acc. | dent- <b>em</b> , a tooth                  | dent- <b>es</b> , teeth                     |
| Gen. | dent- <b>is</b> , of a tooth               | dent- <b>ium</b> , of teeth                 |
| Dat. | dent- <b>i</b> , to or for a tooth         | dent- <b>ibus</b> , to or for teeth         |
| Abl. | dent- <b>e</b> , by, with, or from a tooth | dent- <b>ibus</b> , by, with, or from teeth |

## (b) Neuter.

|      | Singular.                                 | Plural.                                       |
|------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Nom. | mare, the sea                             | mar- <b>ia</b> , the seas                     |
| Voc. | mare, O sea                               | mar- <b>ia</b> , O seas                       |
| Acc. | mare, the sea                             | mar- <b>ia</b> , the seas                     |
| Gen. | mar- <b>is</b> , of the sea               | mar- <b>ium</b> , of the seas                 |
| Dat. | mar- <b>i</b> , to or for the sea         | mar- <b>ibus</b> , to or for the seas         |
| Abl. | mar- <b>i</b> , by, with, or from the sea | mar- <b>ibus</b> , by, with, or from the seas |

|         | Singular.        |                     |
|---------|------------------|---------------------|
|         | <i>Bone.</i>     | <i>Spur.</i>        |
| N.V.A.  | os               | calcăr              |
| Gen.    | oss- <b>is</b>   | calcăr- <b>is</b>   |
| Dat.    | oss- <b>i</b>    | calcăr- <b>i</b>    |
| Abl.    | oss- <b>e</b>    | calcăr- <b>i</b>    |
|         | <i>Animal.</i>   |                     |
| N.V.A.  | os               | ănimăl              |
| Gen.    | oss- <b>is</b>   | ănimăl- <b>is</b>   |
| Dat.    | oss- <b>i</b>    | ănimăl- <b>i</b>    |
| Abl.    | oss- <b>e</b>    | ănimăl- <b>i</b>    |
|         | <i>Plural.</i>   |                     |
| N.V.A.  | oss- <b>a</b>    | calcăr- <b>ia</b>   |
| Gen.    | oss- <b>ium</b>  | calcăr- <b>ium</b>  |
| D. Abl. | oss- <b>ibus</b> | calcăr- <b>ibus</b> |
|         |                  | ănimăl <b>ia</b>    |
|         |                  | ănimăl- <b>ium</b>  |
|         |                  | ănimăl- <b>ibus</b> |

## § 9.

The Nominative of the FOURTH DECLENSION ends in **-us**, chiefly of the Masculine Gender; in **-u**, of the Neuter.

|      | Singular.                                 | Plural.                                            |
|------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| (1)  |                                           |                                                    |
| Nom. | grad- <b>us</b> , a step                  | grad- <b>ūs</b> , steps, m.                        |
| Voc. | grad- <b>us</b> , O step                  | grad- <b>ūs</b> , O steps                          |
| Acc. | grad- <b>um</b> , a step                  | grad- <b>ūs</b> , steps                            |
| Gen. | grad- <b>ūs</b> , of a step               | grad- <b>uum</b> , of steps                        |
| Dat. | grad- <b>ui</b> , to or for a step        | grad- <b>ibus</b> (-ubus), to or for steps         |
| Abl. | grad- <b>u</b> , by, with, or from a step | grad- <b>ibus</b> (-ubus), by, with, or from steps |

(2)

|      | Singular.                                       | Plural.                                                           |
|------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nom. | gen- <b>u</b> , <i>knee</i>                     | gen- <b>ua</b> , <i>knees</i>                                     |
| Voc. | gen- <b>u</b> , <i>O knee</i>                   | gen- <b>ua</b> , <i>O knees</i>                                   |
| Acc. | gen- <b>u</b> , <i>a knee</i>                   | gen- <b>ua</b> , <i>knees</i>                                     |
| Gen. | gen- <b>ūs</b> , <i>of a knee</i>               | gen- <b>uum</b> , <i>of knees</i>                                 |
| Dat. | gen- <b>u</b> , <i>to or for a knee</i>         | gen- <b>ibus</b> (- <b>ubus</b> ), <i>to or for knees</i>         |
| Abl. | gen- <b>u</b> , <i>by, with, or from a knee</i> | gen- <b>ibus</b> (- <b>ubus</b> ), <i>by, with, or from knees</i> |

NOTE. arcus, trībus, artus, quercus, acus, } take ubus in Dat.  
 spēcus, portus, partus, veru, lacus,\* } and Abl. Plur.

## § 10.

The Nominative of the FIFTH DECLENSION ends in **-es**, of the Feminine Gender.

|      | Singular.                               | Plural.                                          |
|------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Nom. | res, <i>a thing</i>                     | res, <i>things</i>                               |
| Voc. | res, <i>O thing</i>                     | res, <i>O things</i>                             |
| Acc. | rem, <i>a thing</i>                     | res, <i>things</i>                               |
| Gen. | rē- <b>i</b> , <i>of a thing</i>        | rē- <b>rum</b> , <i>of things</i>                |
| Dat. | rē- <b>i</b> , <i>to or for a thing</i> | re- <b>bus</b> , <i>to or for things</i>         |
| Abl. | re, <i>by, with, or from a thing</i>    | re- <b>bus</b> , <i>by, with, or from things</i> |

## ADJECTIVES.

## § 11.

A. ADJECTIVES are declined like substantives; those of THREE TERMINATIONS in **us**, **a**, **um**, or **er**, **a**, **um**, in the Masculine and Neuter Genders like Substantives of the Second Declension, and in the Feminine Gender like Substantives of the First Declension: as, bonus, *good*; niger, *black*; tener, *tender*.

|      | Singular.      |                |                | Plural.          |                  |                  |
|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| (a)  | m.             | f.             | n.             | m.               | f.               | n.               |
| Nom. | bon- <b>us</b> | bon- <b>a</b>  | bon- <b>um</b> | bon- <b>i</b>    | bon- <b>ae</b>   | bon- <b>a</b>    |
| Voc. | bon- <b>e</b>  | bon- <b>a</b>  | bon- <b>um</b> | bon- <b>i</b>    | bon- <b>ae</b>   | bon- <b>a</b>    |
| Acc. | bon- <b>um</b> | bon- <b>am</b> | bon- <b>um</b> | bon- <b>os</b>   | bon- <b>as</b>   | bon- <b>a</b>    |
| Gen. | bon- <b>i</b>  | bon- <b>ae</b> | bon- <b>i</b>  | bon- <b>orum</b> | bon- <b>arum</b> | bon- <b>orum</b> |
| Dat. | bon- <b>o</b>  | bon- <b>ae</b> | bon- <b>o</b>  | bon- <b>is</b>   | bon- <b>is</b>   | bon- <b>is</b>   |
| Abl. | bon- <b>o</b>  | bon- <b>a</b>  | bon- <b>o</b>  | bon- <b>is</b>   | bon- <b>is</b>   | bon- <b>is</b>   |

\* Bow, tribe, joint, oak, needle,  
 cave, harbour, birth, spit, lake.

| Singular. |         |         |         | Plural.   |      |      |  |
|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|------|------|--|
| (b)       | m.      | f.      | n.      | m.        | f.   | n.   |  |
| Nom.      | niger   | nigr-a  | nigr-um | nigr-i    | ae   | a    |  |
| Voc.      | niger   | nigr-a  | nigr-um | nigr-i    | ae   | a    |  |
| Acc.      | nigr-um | nigr-am | nigr-um | nigr-os   | as   | a    |  |
| Gen.      | nigr-i  | nigr-ae | nigr-i  | nigr-orum | arum | orum |  |
| Dat.      | nigr-o  | nigr-ae | nigr-o  | nigr-is   | is   | is   |  |
| Abl.      | nigr-o  | nigr-ā  | nigr-o  | nigr-is   | is   | is   |  |

| (c)  | m.       | f.       | n.       | m.         | f.   | n.   |  |
|------|----------|----------|----------|------------|------|------|--|
| Nom. | tener    | tenēr-a  | tenēr-um | tenēr-i    | ae   | a    |  |
| Voc. | tener    | tenēr-a  | tenēr-um | tenēr-i    | ae   | a    |  |
| Acc. | tenēr-um | tenēr-am | tenēr-um | tenēr-os   | as   | a    |  |
| Gen. | tenēr-i  | tenēr-ae | tenēr-i  | tenēr-orum | arum | orum |  |
| Dat. | tenēr-o  | tenēr-ae | tenēr-o  | tenēr-is   | is   | is   |  |
| Abl. | tenēr-o  | tenēr-ā  | tenēr-o  | tenēr-is   | is   | is   |  |

*B. Adjectives with Two TERMINATIONS or ONE TERMINATION follow the Third Declension of Substantives : as, melior, better ; tristis, sad ; felix, happy.*

| Singular. |           |               | Plural.   |             |  |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| (a)       | m. f.     | n.            | m. f.     | n.          |  |
| Nom.      | melior    | melius        | meliōr-es | meliōr-a    |  |
| Voc.      | melior    | melius        | meliōr-es | meliōr-a    |  |
| Acc.      | melior-em | melius        | meliōr-es | meliōr-a    |  |
| Gen.      |           | meliōr-is     |           | meliōr-um   |  |
| Dat.      |           | meliōr-i      |           | meliōr-ibus |  |
| Abl.      |           | meliōr-e or i |           | meliōr-ibus |  |

| (b)  | m. f.    | n.       | m. f.    | n.         |  |
|------|----------|----------|----------|------------|--|
| Nom. | trist-is | trist-e  | trist-es | trist-ia   |  |
| Voc. | trist-is | trist-e  | trist-es | trist-ia   |  |
| Acc. | trist-em | trist-e  | trist-es | trist-ia   |  |
| Gen. |          | trist-is |          | trist-ium  |  |
| Dat. |          | trist-i  |          | trist-ibus |  |
| Abl. |          | trist-i  |          | trist-ibus |  |

| (c)  | m. f.    | n.       | m. f.    | n.         |  |
|------|----------|----------|----------|------------|--|
| Nom. | felix    |          | felic-es | felic-ia   |  |
| Voc. | felix    |          | felic-es | felic-ia   |  |
| Acc. | felic-em | felix    | felic-es | felic-ia   |  |
| Gen. |          | felic-is |          | felic-ium  |  |
| Dat. |          | felic-i  |          | felic-ibus |  |
| Abl. |          | felic-i  |          | felic-ibus |  |

The following are irregularly declined in the Singular :—

(a) nullus, *no, none.*

|      | Singular. |         |         | Plural.   |           |           |
|------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|      | m.        | f.      | n.      | m.        | f.        | n.        |
| Nom. | null-us   | null-a  | null-um | null-i    | null-ae   | null-a    |
| Acc. | null-um   | null-am | null-um | null-os   | null-as   | null-a    |
| Gen. | null-ius  |         |         | null-ōrum | null-ārum | null-ōrum |
| Dat. | null-i    |         |         | null-is   |           |           |
| Abl. | null-o    | null-ā  | null-o  | null-is   |           |           |

(b) uter, *which of two.*

|      | m.      | f.     | n.     |
|------|---------|--------|--------|
| Nom. | uter    | utr-a  | utr-um |
| Acc. | utr-um  | utr-am | utr-um |
| Gen. | utr-ius |        |        |
| Dat. | utr-i   |        |        |
| Abl. | utr-o   | utr-ā  | utr-o  |

Plural as niger.

Like nullus are declined unus, *one*; ullus, *any*; solus, *alone*; totus, *whole*; and alius, *another*, which makes its Neuter Sing. aliud. Like uter: neuter, *neither*; utrēque, *each*; utrēvis, *uterlibet*, *which you will*. Also, alter, *altēra*, *altērum*: G. alterius, *one of two*.

duo, *two*, tres, *three*, and millia, *thousands*, are thus declined :—

|      | Plural. |        |        | Plural. |        |  | Plural.  |
|------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--|----------|
|      | m.      | f.     | n.     | m. f.   | n.     |  | n.       |
| Nom. | duo     | duae   | duo    | tres    | tria   |  | millia   |
| Acc. | duos    | duas   | duo    | tres    | tria   |  | millia   |
| Gen. | duōrum  | duārum | duōrum |         | trium  |  | millium  |
| Dat. | duōbus  | duābus | duōbus |         | tribus |  | millibus |
| Abl. | duōbus  | duābus | duōbus |         | tribus |  | millibus |

quattuor, *four*, quinque, *five*, centum, *a hundred*, mille, *a thousand*, and other Numerals, are undeclined: ambo, *both*, is declined like duo.

## COMPARISON.

### § 12.

A. Most ADJECTIVES have three Degrees of Comparison; the Positive, the Comparative, and the Superlative: as,

| Pos.               | Comp.                 | Sup.                       |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| durus, <i>hard</i> | durior, <i>harder</i> | durissimus, <i>hardest</i> |

The Comparative may be formed from the Positive by changing i or is of the Genitive into ior.



The Superlative may be formed from the Positive by changing *i* or *is* of the Genitive into *issimus* : as,

| Pos.                   | Gen.     | Comp.     | Sup.          |
|------------------------|----------|-----------|---------------|
| durus, <i>hard</i> ,   | dur-i    | dur-ior   | dur-issimus   |
| brevis, <i>short</i> , | brev-is  | brev-ior  | brev-issimus  |
| audax, <i>bold</i> ,   | audāc-is | audāc-ior | audac-issimus |

#### EXCEPTIONS.

(1) Adjectives in *er* form the Superlative by adding *-rimus* to the Nominative : as, pulcher, *beautiful*, Comp. pulchrior, Sup. pulcher-rimus.

(2) The following form the Superlative in *illimus* :—

facilis, difficilis  
similis, dissimilis  
gracilis, et humilis

(3) Some are compared irregularly :—

| Pos.                      | Comp.      | Super.              |
|---------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| bonus, <i>good</i>        | melior     | optimus             |
| malus, <i>bad</i>         | pejor      | pessimus            |
| magnus, <i>great</i>      | major      | maximus             |
| parvus, <i>small</i>      | minor      | minimus             |
| multus, <i>much</i>       | (plus, n.) | plurimus            |
| extērus, <i>outward</i>   | extērior   | extrēmus            |
| infērus, <i>low</i>       | infērior   | infīmus and īmus    |
| supērus, <i>high</i>      | supērior   | suprēmus and summus |
| postērus, <i>hindward</i> | postērior  | postrēmus           |

(4) Some are formed from Prepositions :—

|                         |          |               |
|-------------------------|----------|---------------|
| (intra, <i>within</i> ) | interior | intīmus, īmus |
| (ultra, <i>beyond</i> ) | ulterior | ultīmus       |
| (prae, <i>before</i> )  | prior    | primus        |
| (prope, <i>near</i> )   | propior  | proximus      |

Some have no Positive : as,

|                        |                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| deterior, <i>worse</i> | detrerrimus, <i>worst</i>  |
| ocior, <i>swifter</i>  | ocissimus, <i>swiftest</i> |

B. Adverbs formed from Adjectives form the Comparative in *-iūs*, the Superlative in *-ē* : as,

|                          |         |            |
|--------------------------|---------|------------|
| dignē, <i>worthily</i>   | dignius | dignissimē |
| fortiter, <i>bravely</i> | fortius | fortissimē |
| rārō, <i>seldom</i>      | rarius  | rarissimē  |
| benē, <i>well</i>        | melius  | optimē     |

## PRONOUNS.

## § 13.

PRONOUNS are :

- A. PERSONAL Pronouns: ego, *I*; tu, *thou*; se, *himself, herself, itself, themselves*.
- B. POSSESSIVE, which are derived from the Genitives of the Personal Pronouns: as, meus, *mine*; tuus, *thine*; suus, *his own*; noster, *our*; vester, *your*.
- C. (1) DEMONSTRATIVE: is, *that*, or *he, she, it*; hic, *this (near me)*; iste, *that (near you)*; ille, *that (yonder)*, and
- (2) DEFINITIVE: idem, *same*; ipse, *self*.
- D. (1) The RELATIVE qui, *who or which*;
- (2) The INTERROGATIVE quis or qui, *who ? or what ?* and their compounds;
- (3) The INDEFINITE quis or qui, *any one*.

## A. PERSONAL.

## 1. FIRST PERSON.

| Singular.                      | Plural.                          |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Nom. ego, <i>I</i>             | nos, <i>we</i>                   |
| Acc. me, <i>me</i>             | nos, <i>us</i>                   |
| Gen. mei, <i>of me</i>         | nostri, or nostrum, <i>of us</i> |
| Dat. mihi, <i>to or for me</i> | nobis, <i>to or for us</i>       |
| Abl. me, <i>by or with me</i>  | nobis, <i>by or with us</i>      |

## 2. SECOND PERSON.

|                                  |                                   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Nom. tu, <i>thou</i>             | vos, <i>ye</i>                    |
| Acc. te, <i>thee</i>             | vos, <i>you</i>                   |
| Gen. tui, <i>of thee</i>         | vestri, or vestrum, <i>of you</i> |
| Dat. tibi, <i>to or for thee</i> | vobis, <i>to or for you</i>       |
| Abl. te, <i>by or with thee</i>  | vobis, <i>by or with you</i>      |

## 3. THIRD PERSON (REFLEXIVE).

## Singular and Plural.

|                                                                  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nom. (none).                                                     |
| Acc. se (sese), <i>himself, herself, itself, or themselves</i> . |
| Gen. sui, <i>of himself, etc.</i>                                |
| Dat. sibi, <i>to himself, etc.</i>                               |
| Abl. se (sese), <i>by or with himself, etc.</i>                  |

## B. POSSESSIVE.

## like bonus:

|                                                     |                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| meus, mea, meum, <i>my, mine</i> ;                  | tuus, tua, tuum, <i>thy, thine</i> ; |
| suus, sua, suum, <i>his, her, its, their, own</i> . |                                      |
| meus has vocative masculine mī.                     |                                      |
| tuus, suus, have no vocative.                       |                                      |

## like niger:

|                                       |                                        |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| noster, nostra, nostrum, <i>our</i> ; | vester, vestra, vestrum, <i>your</i> . |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|

## C.

## (1) DEMONSTRATIVE.

| Is, <i>that</i> , or <i>he, she, it</i> . |       |             | Hic, <i>this (near me)</i> , or<br><i>he, she, it</i> . |       |       | Ille, <i>that (yonder)</i> , or<br><i>he, she, it</i> . |                 |       |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| Singular.                                 |       |             | Singular.                                               |       |       | Singular.                                               |                 |       |
| N.                                        | is    | ea id       | hic                                                     | haec  | hoc   | ille                                                    | illa            | illud |
| Ac.                                       | eum   | eam id      | hunc                                                    | hanc  | hoc   | illum                                                   | illam           | illud |
| G.                                        | ejus  |             | hujus                                                   |       |       | illius                                                  |                 |       |
| D.                                        | ei    |             | huic                                                    |       |       | illi                                                    |                 |       |
| Ab.                                       | eo    | eā eo       | hoc                                                     | hac   | hoc   | illo                                                    | illā illo       |       |
| Plural.                                   |       |             | Plural.                                                 |       |       | Plural.                                                 |                 |       |
| N.                                        | ii    | eae ea      | hi                                                      | hae   | haec  | illi                                                    | illae illa      |       |
| Ac.                                       | eos   | eas ea      | hos                                                     | has   | haec  | illos                                                   | illas illa      |       |
| G.                                        | eōrum | eārum eōrum | horum                                                   | harum | horum | illōrum                                                 | illārum illōrum |       |
| D.                                        |       | iis or eis  | his                                                     |       |       | illis                                                   |                 |       |
| Ab.                                       |       | iis or eis  | his                                                     |       |       | illis                                                   |                 |       |

Iste, *that (near you)*, is declined like ille.

## (2) DEFINITIVE.

| Singular. |         |             | Plural.  |                  |          |
|-----------|---------|-------------|----------|------------------|----------|
| Nom.      | īdem    | eādem īdem  | īdem     | eaedem           | eādem    |
| Acc.      | eundem  | eandem īdem | eosdem   | easdem           | eādem    |
| Gen.      | ejusdem |             | eorundem | earundem         | eorundem |
| Dat.      | eīdem   |             |          | iisdem or eisdem |          |
| Abl.      | eōdem   | eādem eōdem |          | iisdem or eisdem |          |

Ipee is declined like ille, but with Neut. Sing. N. Acc. ipsum.

## D.

## (1) RELATIVE.

| Singular. |       |           | Plural. |                |  |
|-----------|-------|-----------|---------|----------------|--|
| Nom.      | qui   | quae quod | quī     | quae quae      |  |
| Acc.      | quem  | quam quod | quos    | quas quae      |  |
| Gen.      | cujus |           | quorum  | quarum quorum  |  |
| Dat.      | cui   |           |         | quibus or quīs |  |
| Abl.      | quo   | quā quo   |         | quibus or quīs |  |

## (2) INTERROGATIVE.

| Singular. |       |           | who? or what? |
|-----------|-------|-----------|---------------|
| Nom.      | quis  | quid      |               |
|           | qui   | quae quod |               |
| Acc.      | quem  | quam quid |               |
|           | quem  | quam quod |               |
| Gen.      | cujus |           |               |
| Dat.      | cui   |           |               |
| Abl.      | quo   | quā quo   |               |

## (3) INDEFINITE.

| Singular. |       |         | any one. |
|-----------|-------|---------|----------|
| quis      | qua   | quid    |          |
| qui       | quae  | quod    |          |
| quem      | quam  | quid    |          |
| quem      | quam  | quod    |          |
| Gen.      | cujus |         |          |
| Dat.      | cui   |         |          |
| Abl.      | quo   | quā quo |          |

In the Plural like the Relative.

Indefinite Pl. Nom. Qui, quae, qua or quae.

\* The forms Quis, quid, are Substantival; Qui, quod, Adjectival.

## VERBS.

VERBS have Two VOICES : § 14.

I. Active : *as, amo, I love.*

II. Passive : *as, amor, I am loved.*

Verbs have two parts : (a.) Finite : (b.) Infinitive.

a. The Verb Finite has three MOODS :

(1) The Indicative Mood : *as, amō, I love.*

(2) The Conjunctive Mood : *as, amēm, I may love.*

(3) The Imperative mood : *as, amā, love thou.*

b. The Verb Infinitive has

(1) Infinitive, the three Gerunds, and two Supines.

(2) Participles; two in each Voice.

Verbs have also

a. Six TENSES :

(1) Three of unfinished action :

Present : *as, amo, I am loving.*

Future Simple : *as, amabo, I shall be loving.*

Imperfect : *as, amabam, I was loving.*

(2) Three of finished action :

Perfect : *as, amavi, I have loved.*

Future Perfect : *as, amavero, I shall have loved.*

Pluperfect : *as, amaveram, I had loved.*

b. In each Tense two NUMBERS, Singular and Plural ; and in each Number three PERSONS : the first person speaks ; *as, amo, I love, amamus, we love* : the second person is spoken to ; *as, amas, thou lovest, amatis, ye love* : the third person is spoken of ; *as, amat, he loves, amant, they love.*

## § 15.

There are four CONJUGATIONS of Latin Verbs.

I. The First Conjugation is known by *ā* before *re* in the Infinitive : *as, amāre, to love.*

II. The Second Conjugation is known by *ē* before *re* : *as, monēre, to advise.*

III. The Third Conjugation is known by a consonant or *u* before *ērē* : *as, regērē, to rule ; ruērē, to rush.*

IV. The Fourth Conjugation is known by *i* before *re* : *as, audire, to hear.*

## § 16.

CONJUGATION OF THE  
Sum, es, fui,

|                    | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.     | S. Sum, <i>I am</i><br>ēs, <i>thou art</i><br>est, <i>he is</i><br>Pl. sūmus, <i>we are</i><br>estis, <i>ye are</i><br>sunt, <i>they are</i>                                                                          | sim, <i>I may</i><br>sis, <i>thou mayst</i><br>sit, <i>he may</i><br>sīmus, <i>we may</i><br>sitis, <i>ye may</i><br>sint, <i>they may</i> } <i>be.</i>                                                                                    |
| Future Simple.     | S. ero, <i>I shall</i><br>eris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>erit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. erīmus, <i>we shall</i><br>eritis, <i>ye will</i><br>erunt, <i>they will</i> } <i>be.</i>                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Imperfect.         | S. eram, <i>I was</i><br>eras, <i>thou wast</i><br>erat, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. erāmus, <i>we were</i><br>erātis, <i>ye were</i><br>erant, <i>they were</i>                                                             | essem or fōrem, <i>I might</i><br>esses or fōres, <i>thou mightst</i><br>esset or fōret, <i>he might</i><br>essēmus or fōrēmus, <i>we might</i><br>essētis or fōrētis, <i>ye might</i><br>essent or fōrent, <i>they might</i> } <i>be.</i> |
| Perfect.           | S. fui, <i>I have</i><br>fuisti, <i>thou hast</i><br>fuit, <i>he has</i><br>Pl. fuīmus, <i>we have</i><br>fuistis, <i>ye have</i><br>fuērunt, <i>they have</i> } <i>been.*</i>                                        | fuērim, <i>I may</i><br>fuēris, <i>thou mayst</i><br>fuērit, <i>he may</i><br>fuerimus, <i>we may</i><br>fueritis, <i>ye may</i><br>fuērint, <i>they may</i> } <i>have been.</i>                                                           |
| Future Perfect.    | S. fuēro, <i>I shall have</i><br>fuēris, <i>thou wilt have</i><br>fuērit, <i>he will have</i><br>Pl. fuerimus, <i>we shall have</i><br>fueritis, <i>ye will have</i><br>fuērint, <i>they will have</i> } <i>been.</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Pluperfect.        | S. fuēram, <i>I had</i><br>fuēras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>fuērat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. fuerāmus, <i>we had</i><br>fuerātis, <i>ye had</i><br>fuērant, <i>they had</i> } <i>been.</i>                                    | fuissem, <i>I should</i><br>fuissem, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>fuisset, <i>he would</i><br>fuissēmus, <i>we should</i><br>fuissētis, <i>ye would</i><br>fuissent, <i>they would</i> } <i>have been</i>                                        |
| Gerunds (wanting). |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

\* Or 'I was,' thou wast, etc.

**AUXILIARY VERB, Sum, I am.**

*esse, futūrus.*

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                          | Infinitive.                                                         | Participles.                          |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| —<br><i>ēs, be thou</i><br>—<br><i>este, be ye</i><br>—                                                                   | <i>esse, to be</i>                                                  | <i>(ens)</i>                          |
| —<br><i>esto, thou must be</i><br><i>esto, he must be</i><br>—<br><i>estōte, ye must be</i><br><i>sunto, they must be</i> | <i>futūrus esse, or</i><br><i>fōre, to be about</i><br><i>to be</i> | <i>futūrus, about to</i><br><i>be</i> |
|                                                                                                                           |                                                                     |                                       |
|                                                                                                                           | <i>fuisse, to have been</i>                                         |                                       |
|                                                                                                                           |                                                                     |                                       |
|                                                                                                                           |                                                                     |                                       |
| <i>Supines (wanting).</i>                                                                                                 |                                                                     |                                       |

## § 17.

## THE FIRST

## ACTIVE

|                                                                                                  | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.                                                                                   | S. <i>Amo, I love</i><br><i>amas, thou lovest</i><br><i>amat, he loves</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-mus, we love</i><br><i>amā-tis, ye love</i><br><i>amant, they love</i>                                                 | <i>amem, I may</i><br><i>ames, thou mayst</i><br><i>amet, he may</i><br><i>amēmus, we may</i><br><i>amētis, ye may</i><br><i>ament, they may</i>                                                   |
| Future Simple.                                                                                   | S. <i>amā-bo, I shall</i><br><i>amā-bis, thou wilt</i><br><i>amā-bit, he will</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-bīmus, we shall</i><br><i>amā-bītis, ye will</i><br><i>amā-bunt, they will</i>                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Imperfect.                                                                                       | S. <i>amā-bam, I was</i><br><i>amā-bas, thou wast</i><br><i>amā-bat, he was</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-bāmus, we were</i><br><i>amā-bātis, ye were</i><br><i>amā-bant, they were</i>                                     | <i>amā-rem, I might</i><br><i>amā-res, thou mightst</i><br><i>amā-ret, he might</i><br><i>amā-rēmus, we might</i><br><i>amā-rētis, ye might</i><br><i>amā-rent, they might</i>                     |
| Perfect.                                                                                         | S. <i>amā-vi, I loved*</i><br><i>amā-visti, thou lovedst</i><br><i>amā-vit, he loved</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-vīmus, we loved</i><br><i>amā-vistis, ye loved</i> [ <i>loved</i> ]<br><i>amā-vērunt (or -ere), they</i> | <i>amā-vērim, I may</i><br><i>amā-vēris, thou mayst</i><br><i>amā-vērit, he may</i><br><i>amā-verimus, we may</i><br><i>amā-veritis, ye may</i><br><i>amā-vērint, they may</i>                     |
| Future Perfect.                                                                                  | S. <i>amā-vēro, I shall</i><br><i>amā-vēris, thou wilt</i><br><i>amā-vērit, he will</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-verimus, we shall</i><br><i>amā-veritis, ye will</i><br><i>amā-vērint, they will</i>                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Pluperfect.                                                                                      | S. <i>amā-vēram, I had</i><br><i>amā-vēras, thou hadst</i><br><i>amā-vērat, he had</i><br>Pl. <i>amā-verāmus, we had</i><br><i>amā-verātis, ye had</i><br><i>amā-vērānt, they had</i>                           | <i>amā-vissem, I should</i><br><i>amā-visses, thou wouldst</i><br><i>amā-visset, he would</i><br><i>amā-vissēmus, we should</i><br><i>amā-vissētis, ye would</i><br><i>amā-vissent, they would</i> |
| Gerunds { <i>amandum, loving</i><br><i>amandi, of loving</i><br><i>amando, for or by loving.</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

\* Or 'have loved,' etc.

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                                         | Infinitive.                                    | Participles.                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| —<br>amā, <i>love thou</i><br>—<br>—<br>amā-te, <i>love ye</i><br>—                                                                      | amā-re, <i>to love or<br/>be loving</i>        | amans, <i>loving</i>                |
| —<br>amā-to, <i>thou must love</i><br>amē-to, <i>he must love</i><br>—<br>amā-tōte, <i>ye must love</i><br>amanto, <i>they must love</i> | amā-tūrus esse, <i>to<br/>be about to love</i> | amā-tūrus, <i>about<br/>to love</i> |
|                                                                                                                                          |                                                |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                          | amā-visse, <i>to have<br/>loved</i>            |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                          |                                                |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                          |                                                |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                          |                                                |                                     |
| Supines { amā-tum, <i>to love</i><br>amā-tu, <i>to be loved.</i>                                                                         |                                                |                                     |



|                                                                                                                           | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.                                                                                                            | <p>S. Mone-o, <i>I advise</i><br/>monēs, <i>thou advisest</i><br/>monet, <i>he advises</i></p> <p>Pl. monē-mus, <i>we advise</i><br/>monē-tis, <i>ye advise</i><br/>monent, <i>they advise</i></p>                                      | <p>monē-am, <i>I may</i><br/>monē-as, <i>thou mayst</i><br/>monē-at, <i>he may</i><br/>monē-āmus, <i>we may</i><br/>monē-ātis, <i>ye may</i><br/>monē-ant, <i>they may</i></p> <p>} <i>advise.</i></p>                                       |
| Future Simple.                                                                                                            | <p>S. monē-bo, <i>I shall</i><br/>monē-bis, <i>thou wilt</i><br/>monē-bit, <i>he will</i></p> <p>Pl. monē-bimus, <i>we shall</i><br/>monē-bitis, <i>ye will</i><br/>monē-bunt, <i>they will</i></p> <p>} <i>advise.</i></p>             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Imperfect.                                                                                                                | <p>S. monē-bam, <i>I was</i><br/>monē-bas, <i>thou wast</i><br/>monē-bat, <i>he was</i></p> <p>Pl. monē-bāmus, <i>we were</i><br/>monē-bātis, <i>ye were</i><br/>monē-bant, <i>they were</i></p> <p>} <i>advising.</i></p>              | <p>monē-rem, <i>I might</i><br/>monē-res, <i>thou mightst</i><br/>monē-ret, <i>he might</i><br/>monē-rēmus, <i>we might</i><br/>monē-rētis, <i>ye might</i><br/>monē-rent, <i>they might</i></p> <p>} <i>advise.</i></p>                     |
| Perfect.                                                                                                                  | <p>S. mon-ui, <i>I advised</i> *<br/>mon-uisti, <i>thou advisedst</i><br/>mon-uit, <i>he advised</i></p> <p>Pl. mon-uimus, <i>we advised</i><br/>mon-uistis, <i>ye advised</i> [vised<br/>mon-uērunt (or -ere), <i>they ad-</i></p>     | <p>mon-uērim, <i>I may</i><br/>mon-uēris, <i>thou mayst</i><br/>mon-uērit, <i>he may</i><br/>mon-uerimus, <i>we may</i><br/>mon-ueritis, <i>ye may</i><br/>mon-uērint, <i>they may</i></p> <p>} <i>have advised.</i></p>                     |
| Future Perfect.                                                                                                           | <p>S. mon-uēro, <i>I shall</i><br/>mon-uēris, <i>thou wilt</i><br/>mon-uērit, <i>he will</i></p> <p>Pl. mon-uerimus, <i>we shall</i><br/>mon-ueritis, <i>ye will</i><br/>mon-uērint, <i>they will</i></p> <p>} <i>have advised.</i></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Pluperfect.                                                                                                               | <p>S. mon-uēram, <i>I had</i><br/>mon-uēras, <i>thou hadst</i><br/>mon-uērat, <i>he had</i></p> <p>Pl. mon-uērāmus, <i>we had</i><br/>mon-uērātis, <i>ye had</i><br/>mon-uērant, <i>they had</i></p> <p>} <i>advised.</i></p>           | <p>mon-uissem, <i>I should</i><br/>mon-uisses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br/>mon-uisset, <i>he would</i><br/>mon-uissēmus, <i>we should</i><br/>mon-uissētis, <i>ye would</i><br/>mon-uissent, <i>they would</i></p> <p>} <i>have advised.</i></p> |
| <p><i>Gerunds</i> { monendum, <i>advising</i><br/>monendi, <i>of advising</i><br/>monendo, <i>for or by advising.</i></p> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

\* Or 'have advised,' etc.

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                                                     | Infinitive.                                                | Participles.                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| —<br>monē, <i>advise thou</i><br>—<br>monē-te, <i>advise ye</i><br>—                                                                                 | monē-re, <i>to advise,</i><br><i>or be advising</i>        | monens, <i>advising</i>                      |
| —<br>monē-to, <i>thou must advise</i><br>monē-to, <i>he must advise</i><br>—<br>monē-tōte, <i>ye must advise</i><br>monento, <i>they must advise</i> | mon-itūrus esse,<br><i>to be about to</i><br><i>advise</i> | mon-itūrus, <i>about</i><br><i>to advise</i> |
|                                                                                                                                                      |                                                            |                                              |
|                                                                                                                                                      | mon-uisse, <i>to have</i><br><i>advised</i>                |                                              |
|                                                                                                                                                      |                                                            |                                              |
|                                                                                                                                                      |                                                            |                                              |
| Supines { mon-ītum, <i>to advise</i><br>mon-ītu, <i>to be advised.</i>                                                                               |                                                            |                                              |

## § 19.

## THE THIRD

## ACTIVE

|                                                                                                        | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.                                                                                         | S. Reg-o, <i>I rule</i><br>reg-is, <i>thou rulest</i><br>reg-it, <i>he rules</i><br>Pl. reg-imus, <i>we rule</i><br>reg-itis, <i>ye rule</i><br>reg-unt, <i>they rule</i>                       | reg-am, <i>I may</i><br>reg-as, <i>thou mayst</i><br>reg-at, <i>he may</i><br>reg-āmus, <i>we may</i><br>reg-ātis, <i>ye may</i><br>reg-ant, <i>they may</i>                                 |
| Future Simple.                                                                                         | S. reg-am, <i>I shall</i><br>reg-es, <i>thou wilt</i><br>reg-et, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. reg-ēmus, <i>we shall</i><br>reg-ētis, <i>ye will</i><br>reg-ent, <i>they will</i>                       |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Imperfect.                                                                                             | S. reg-ēbam, <i>I was</i><br>reg-ēbas, <i>thou wast</i><br>reg-ēbat, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. reg-ēbāmus, <i>we were</i><br>reg-ēbātis, <i>ye were</i><br>reg-ēbant, <i>they were</i>               | reg-ērem, <i>I might</i><br>reg-ēres, <i>thou mightst</i><br>reg-ēret, <i>he might</i><br>reg-erēmus, <i>we might</i><br>reg-erētis, <i>ye might</i><br>reg-erent, <i>they might</i>         |
| Perfect.                                                                                               | S. rex-i, <i>I ruled*</i><br>rex-isti, <i>thou ruledst</i><br>rex-it, <i>he ruled</i><br>Pl. rex-imus, <i>we ruled</i><br>rex-istis, <i>ye ruled</i> [ruled<br>rex-ērunt (or -ere), <i>they</i> | rex-erim, <i>I may</i><br>rex-eris, <i>thou mayst</i><br>rex-erit, <i>he may</i><br>rex-erimus, <i>we may</i><br>rex-eritis, <i>ye may</i><br>rex-erint, <i>they may</i>                     |
| Future Perfect.                                                                                        | S. rex-ēro, <i>I shall</i><br>rex-ēris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>rex-ērit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. rex-erimus, <i>we shall</i><br>rex-eritis, <i>ye will</i><br>rex-erint, <i>they will</i>            |                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Pluperfect.                                                                                            | S. rex-eram, <i>I had</i><br>rex-eras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>rex-erat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. rex-erāmus, <i>we had</i><br>rex-erātis, <i>ye had</i><br>rex-erant, <i>they had</i>                 | rex-issem, <i>I should</i><br>rex-isses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>rex-isset, <i>he would</i><br>rex-issēmus, <i>we should</i><br>rex-issētis, <i>ye would</i><br>rex-issent, <i>they would</i> |
| Gerunds { reg-endum, <i>ruling</i><br>reg-endi, <i>of ruling</i><br>reg-endo, <i>for or by ruling.</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                              |

\* Or 'have ruled.'

CONJUGATION.

VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                                                      | Infinitive.                                     | Participles.                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| —<br>reg- <i>ēs</i> , rule thou<br>—<br>reg- <i>ite</i> , rule ye<br>—                                                                                | reg- <i>ēre</i> , to rule, or<br>be ruling      | reg- <i>ens</i> , ruling             |
| —<br>reg- <i>ito</i> , thou must rule<br>reg- <i>ito</i> , he must rule<br>—<br>reg- <i>itōte</i> , ye must rule<br>reg- <i>unto</i> , they must rule | rec- <i>tūrus esse</i> , to<br>be about to rule | rec- <i>tūrus</i> , about to<br>rule |
|                                                                                                                                                       |                                                 |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                       | rex- <i>isse</i> , to have<br>ruled             |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                       |                                                 |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                       |                                                 |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                       |                                                 |                                      |
| Supines { rec- <i>tum</i> , to rule<br>rec- <i>tu</i> , to be ruled.                                                                                  |                                                 |                                      |

|                                                                                                              | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.                                                                                               | S. <i>Audi-o, I hear</i><br><i>audis, thou hearest</i><br><i>audit, he hears</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-mus, we hear</i><br><i>audi-tis, ye hear</i><br><i>audi-unt, they hear</i>                                           | <i>audi-am, I may</i><br><i>audi-as, thou mayst</i><br><i>audi-at, he may</i><br><i>audi-amus, we may</i><br><i>audi-atis, ye may</i><br><i>audi-ant, they may</i>                                       |
| Future Simple.                                                                                               | S. <i>audi-am, I shall</i><br><i>audi-es, thou wilt</i><br><i>audi-et, he will</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-ēmus, we shall</i><br><i>audi-ētis, ye will</i><br><i>audi-ent, they will</i>                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Imperfect.                                                                                                   | S. <i>audi-ēbam, I was</i><br><i>audi-ēbas, thou wast</i><br><i>audi-ēbat, he was</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-ebāmus, we were</i><br><i>audi-ebātis, ye were</i><br><i>audi-ēbant, they were</i>                              | <i>audi-rem, I might</i><br><i>audi-res, thou mightst</i><br><i>audi-ret, he might</i><br><i>audi-rēmus, we might</i><br><i>audi-rētis, ye might</i><br><i>audi-rent, they might</i>                     |
| Perfect.                                                                                                     | S. <i>audi-vi, I heard*</i><br><i>audi-visti, thou heardest</i><br><i>audi-vit, he heard</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-vimus, we heard</i><br><i>audi-vistis, ye heard</i> ( <i>heard</i><br><i>audi-vērunt (or -ere), they</i> | <i>audi-vērim, I may</i><br><i>audi-vēris, thou mayst</i><br><i>audi-vērit, he may</i><br><i>audi-verimus, we may</i><br><i>audi-veritis, ye may</i><br><i>audi-vērint, they may</i>                     |
| Future Perfect.                                                                                              | S. <i>audi-vēro, I shall</i><br><i>audi-vēris, thou wilt</i><br><i>audi-vērit, he will</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-verimus, we shall</i><br><i>audi-veritis, ye will</i><br><i>audi-vērint, they will</i>                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Pluperfect.                                                                                                  | S. <i>audi-vēram, I had</i><br><i>audi-vēras, thou hadst</i><br><i>audi-vērat, he had</i><br>Pl. <i>audi-verāmus, we had</i><br><i>audi-verātis, ye had</i><br><i>audi-vērant, they had</i>                          | <i>audi-vissem, I should</i><br><i>audi-visses, thou wouldst</i><br><i>audi-visset, he would</i><br><i>audi-vissēmus, we should</i><br><i>audi-vissētis, ye would</i><br><i>audi-vissent, they would</i> |
| Gerunds ( <i>audi-endum, hearing</i><br><i>audi-endi, of hearing</i><br><i>audi-endo, for or by hearing.</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

\* Or 'have heard.'

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                                               | Infinitive.                                     | Participles.                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| —<br>audi, <i>hear thou</i><br>—<br>audi-te, <i>hear ye</i><br>—                                                                               | audī-re, <i>to hear or<br/>be hearing</i>       | audī-ens, <i>hearing</i>             |
| —<br>audī-to, <i>thou must hear</i><br>audī-te, <i>he must hear</i><br>—<br>audī-tōte, <i>ye must hear</i><br>audī-unto, <i>they must hear</i> | audī-tūrus esse, <i>to<br/>be about to hear</i> | audī-tūrus, <i>about<br/>to hear</i> |
|                                                                                                                                                |                                                 |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                | audī-visse, <i>to have<br/>heard</i>            |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                |                                                 |                                      |
|                                                                                                                                                |                                                 |                                      |
| Supines { audī-tum, <i>to hear</i><br>audī-tu, <i>to be heard.</i>                                                                             |                                                 |                                      |

## § 21.

## THE FIRST

## PASSIVE

|                 | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                          | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.  | S. Amor, <i>I am</i><br>amā-ris (or -re), <i>thou art</i><br>amā-tur, <i>he is</i><br>Pl. amā-mur, <i>we are</i><br>amā-mini, <i>ye are</i><br>amantur, <i>they are</i>                                   | amer, <i>I may</i><br>amēris (or -re), <i>thou mayest</i><br>amētur, <i>he may</i><br>amēmur, <i>we may</i><br>amēmini, <i>ye may</i><br>amentur, <i>they may</i>                                                 |
| Future Simple.  | S. amā-bor, <i>I shall</i> [wilt]<br>ama-bēris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>ama-bitur, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. ama-bimur, <i>we shall</i><br>ama-bimīni, <i>ye will</i><br>ama-buntur, <i>they will</i>         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Imperfect.      | S. amā-bar, <i>I was</i> [wast]<br>amā-bāris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>amā-bātur, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. amā-bāmur, <i>we were</i><br>amā-bāminī, <i>ye were</i><br>amā-bantur, <i>they were</i>             | amā-rer, <i>I might</i> [mightst]<br>amā-rēris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>amā-rētur, <i>he might</i><br>amā-rēmur, <i>we might</i><br>amā-remīni, <i>ye might</i><br>amā-rentur, <i>they might</i>                  |
| Perfect.        | S. amā-tus sum, <i>I was</i><br>amā-tus es, <i>thou wast</i><br>amā-tus est, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. amā-ti sumus, <i>we were</i><br>amā-ti estis, <i>ye were</i><br>amā-ti sunt, <i>they were</i>           | amā-tus sim, <i>I may</i><br>amā-tus sis, <i>thou mayest</i><br>amā-tus sit, <i>he may</i><br>amā-ti simus, <i>we may</i><br>amā-ti sitis, <i>ye may</i><br>amā-ti sint, <i>they may</i>                          |
| Future Perfect. | S. amā-tus ero, <i>I shall</i><br>amā-tus eris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>amā-tus erit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. amā-ti erimus, <i>we shall</i><br>amā-ti eritis, <i>ye will</i><br>amā-ti erunt, <i>they will</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Pluperfect.     | S. amā-tus eram, <i>I had</i><br>amā-tus eras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>amā-tus erat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. amā-ti erāmus, <i>we had</i><br>amā-ti erātis, <i>ye had</i><br>amā-ti erant, <i>they had</i>      | amā-tus essem, <i>I should</i><br>amā-tus esses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>amā-tus esset, <i>he would</i><br>amā-ti essemus, <i>we should</i><br>amā-ti essētis, <i>ye would</i><br>amā-ti essent, <i>they would</i> |

\* Or 'have been loved.'

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                            | Infinitive.                                 | Participles.                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| —<br>amā-re, <i>be thou loved</i><br>—<br>—<br>amā-mīni, <i>be ye loved</i><br>—                                            | amā-ri, <i>to be loved</i>                  |                                  |
| —<br>amā-tor, <i>thou must be loved</i><br>amā-tor, <i>he must be loved</i><br>—<br>—<br>amantor, <i>they must be loved</i> | amā-tum iri, <i>to be about to be loved</i> | amandus, <i>meet to be loved</i> |
|                                                                                                                             |                                             |                                  |
|                                                                                                                             | amā-tus esse, <i>to have been loved</i>     | amā-tus, <i>loved</i>            |
|                                                                                                                             |                                             |                                  |
|                                                                                                                             |                                             |                                  |
|                                                                                                                             |                                             |                                  |
|                                                                                                                             |                                             |                                  |



|                 | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.  | S. Mone-or, <i>I am</i> [art<br>monē-ris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>monē-tur, <i>he is</i><br>Pl. monē-mur, <i>we are</i><br>monē-mini, <i>ye are</i><br>monentur, <i>they are</i>                                | monē-ar, <i>I may</i> [mayst<br>mone-āris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>mone-ātur, <i>he may</i><br>mone-āmur, <i>we may</i><br>mone-amini, <i>ye may</i><br>mone-antur, <i>they may</i>                                     |
| Future Simple.  | S. monē-bor, <i>I shall</i> [wilt<br>monē-bēris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>monē-bitur, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. monē-bimur, <i>we shall</i><br>monē-bimīni, <i>ye will</i><br>monē-buntur, <i>they will</i>          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Imperfect.      | S. monē-bar, <i>I was</i> [wast<br>monē-bāris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>monē-bātur, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. monē-bāmur, <i>we were</i><br>monē-bamīni, <i>ye were</i><br>monē-bantur, <i>they were</i>              | monē-rer, <i>I might</i> [mightst<br>monē-rēris (or -re), <i>thou</i><br>monē-rētur, <i>he might</i><br>monē-rēmur, <i>we might</i><br>monē-remīni, <i>ye might</i><br>monē-rentur, <i>they might</i>                   |
| Perfect.        | S. mon-ītus sum, <i>I was</i><br>mon-ītus es, <i>thou wast</i><br>mon-ītus est, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. mon-īti sumus, <i>we were</i><br>mon-īti estis, <i>ye were</i><br>mon-īti sunt, <i>they were</i>           | mon-ītus sim, <i>I may</i><br>mon-ītus sis, <i>thou mayst</i><br>mon-ītus sit, <i>he may</i><br>mon-īti simus, <i>we may</i><br>mon-īti sitis, <i>ye may</i><br>mon-īti sint, <i>they may</i>                           |
| Future Perfect. | S. mon-ītus ero, <i>I shall</i><br>mon-ītus eris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>mon-ītus erit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. mon-īti erīmus, <i>we shall</i><br>mon-īti erītis, <i>ye will</i><br>mon-īti erunt, <i>they will</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Pluperfect.     | S. mon-ītus eram, <i>I had</i><br>mon-ītus eras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>mon-ītus erat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. mon-īti erāmus, <i>we had</i><br>mon-īti erātis, <i>ye had</i><br>mon-īti erant, <i>they had</i>      | mon-ītus essem, <i>I should</i><br>mon-ītus esses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>mon-ītus esset, <i>he would</i><br>mon-īti essemus, <i>we should</i><br>mon-īti essētis, <i>ye would</i><br>mon-īti essent, <i>they would</i> |

\* Or 'have been advised.'

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                                     | Infinitive.                                | Participles.                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| —<br>monē-re, <i>be thou advised</i><br>—<br>—<br>monē-mīni, <i>be ye advised</i><br>—                                               | monē-ri, <i>to be advised</i>              |                                     |
| —<br>monē-tor, <i>thou must be advised</i><br>monē-tor, <i>he must be advised</i><br>—<br>—<br>monentor, <i>they must be advised</i> | mon-ītum iri                               | monendus, <i>meet to be advised</i> |
|                                                                                                                                      |                                            |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                      | mon-ītus esse, <i>to have been advised</i> | mon-ītus, <i>advised</i>            |
|                                                                                                                                      |                                            |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                      |                                            |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                      |                                            |                                     |
|                                                                                                                                      |                                            |                                     |

## § 23.

## THE THIRD

## PASSIVE

|                 | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.  | S. Rēg-or, <i>I am</i><br>reg-ēris ( <i>or-re</i> ), <i>thou art</i><br>reg-itur, <i>he is</i><br>Pl. reg-imur, <i>we are</i><br>reg-imini, <i>ye are</i><br>reg-untur, <i>they are</i>                              | reg-ar, <i>I may</i><br>reg-āris ( <i>or-re</i> ), <i>thou mayst</i><br>reg-atur, <i>he may</i><br>reg-āmur, <i>we may</i><br>reg-amini, <i>ye may</i><br>reg-antur, <i>they may</i>                                    |
| Future Simple.  | S. reg-ar, <i>I shall</i> [ <i>will</i> ]<br>reg-ēris ( <i>or-re</i> ), <i>thou</i><br>reg-etur, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. reg-ēmur, <i>we shall</i><br>reg-emini, <i>ye will</i><br>reg-entur, <i>they will</i>         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Imperfect.      | S. reg-ēbar, <i>I was</i> [ <i>wast</i> ]<br>reg-ēbāris ( <i>or-re</i> ), <i>thou</i><br>reg-ēbatur, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. reg-ēbāmur, <i>we were</i><br>reg-ēbamini, <i>ye were</i><br>reg-ēbantur, <i>they were</i> | reg-ērer, <i>I might</i> [ <i>mightst</i> ]<br>reg-ērēris ( <i>or-re</i> ), <i>thou</i><br>reg-ērētur, <i>he might</i><br>reg-ērēmur, <i>we might</i><br>reg-ērēmīni, <i>ye might</i><br>reg-erentur, <i>they might</i> |
| Perfect.        | S. rec-tus sum, <i>I was</i><br>rec-tus es, <i>thou wast</i><br>rec-tus est, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. rec-ti sumus, <i>we were</i><br>rec-ti estis, <i>ye were</i><br>rec-ti sunt, <i>they were</i>                      | rec-tus sim, <i>I may</i><br>rec-tus sis, <i>thou mayst</i><br>rec-tus sit, <i>he may</i><br>rec-ti simus, <i>we may</i><br>rec-ti sitis, <i>ye may</i><br>rec-ti sint, <i>they may</i>                                 |
| Future Perfect. | S. rec-tus ero, <i>I shall</i><br>rec-tus eris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>rec-tus erit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. rec-ti erimus, <i>we shall</i><br>rec-ti eritis, <i>ye will</i><br>rec-ti erunt, <i>they will</i>            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Pluperfect.     | S. rec-tus eram, <i>I had</i><br>rec-tus eras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>rec-tus erat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. rec-ti erāmus, <i>we had</i><br>rec-ti erātis, <i>ye had</i><br>rec-ti erant, <i>they had</i>                 | rec-tus essem, <i>I should</i><br>rec-tus esses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>rec-tus esset, <i>he would</i><br>rec-ti essemus, <i>we should</i><br>rec-ti essētis, <i>ye would</i><br>rec-ti essent, <i>they would</i>       |

\* Or 'have been ruled.'

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                           | Infinitive.                             | Participles.                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| —<br>reg-ěre, <i>be thou ruled</i><br>—<br>reg-imīni, <i>be ye ruled</i><br>—                                              | reg-i, <i>to be ruled</i>               |                                    |
| —<br>reg-ītor, <i>thou must be ruled</i><br>reg-ītor, <i>he must be ruled</i><br>—<br>reg-untor, <i>they must be ruled</i> | rec-tum iri                             | reg-endus, <i>meet to be ruled</i> |
|                                                                                                                            |                                         |                                    |
|                                                                                                                            | rec-tus esse, <i>to have been ruled</i> | rec-tus, <i>ruled</i>              |
|                                                                                                                            |                                         |                                    |
|                                                                                                                            |                                         |                                    |
|                                                                                                                            |                                         |                                    |

## § 24.

## THE FOURTH

## PASSIVE

|                 | Indicative Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Conjunctive Mood.                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Present Tense.  | S. Audi-or, <i>I am</i><br>audi-ris (or-re), <i>thou art</i><br>audi-tur, <i>he is</i><br>Pl. audi-mur, <i>we are</i><br>audi-mīni, <i>ye are</i><br>audi-untur, <i>they are</i>                                | audi-ar, <i>I may</i> [mayst<br>audi-āris (or-re), <i>thou</i><br>audi-ātur, <i>he may</i><br>audi-āmur, <i>we may</i><br>audi-amīni, <i>ye may</i><br>audi-antur, <i>they may</i>                                      |
| Future Simple.  | S. audi-ar, <i>I shall</i> [wilt<br>audi-ēris (or-re), <i>thou</i><br>audi-ētur, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. audi-āmur, <i>we shall</i><br>audi-emīni, <i>ye will</i><br>audi-entur, <i>they will</i>                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Imperfect.      | S. audi-ēbar, <i>I was</i> [wast<br>audi-ēbāris (or-re), <i>thou</i><br>audi-ēbātur, <i>he was</i><br>Pl. audi-ēbāmur, <i>we were</i><br>audi-ēbamīni, <i>ye were</i><br>audi-ēbantur, <i>they were</i>         | audi-rer, <i>I might</i> [mightst<br>audi-rēris (or-re), <i>thou</i><br>audi-rētur, <i>he might</i><br>audi-rēmur, <i>we might</i><br>audi-remīni, <i>ye might</i><br>audi-rentur, <i>they might</i>                    |
| Perfect.        | S. audi-tus sum, <i>I was</i><br>audi-tus es, <i>thou wast</i><br>audi-tus est, <i>he was</i><br>P. audi-ti sumus, <i>we were</i><br>audi-ti estis, <i>ye were</i><br>audi-ti sunt, <i>they were</i>            | audi-tus sim, <i>I may</i><br>audi-tus sis, <i>thou mayst</i><br>audi-tus sit, <i>he may</i><br>audi-ti simus, <i>we may</i><br>audi-ti sitis, <i>ye may</i><br>audi-ti sint, <i>they may</i>                           |
| Future Perfect. | S. audi-tus ero, <i>I shall</i><br>audi-tus eris, <i>thou wilt</i><br>audi-tus erit, <i>he will</i><br>Pl. audi-ti erimus, <i>we shall</i><br>audi-ti eritis, <i>ye will</i><br>audi-ti erunt, <i>they will</i> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Pluperfect.     | S. audi-tus eram, <i>I had</i><br>audi-tus eras, <i>thou hadst</i><br>audi-tus erat, <i>he had</i><br>Pl. audi-ti erāmus, <i>we had</i><br>audi-ti erātis, <i>ye had</i><br>audi-ti erant, <i>they had</i>      | audi-tus essem, <i>I should</i><br>audi-tus esses, <i>thou wouldst</i><br>audi-tus esset, <i>he would</i><br>audi-ti essemus, <i>we should</i><br>audi-ti essētis, <i>ye would</i><br>audi-ti essent, <i>they would</i> |

\* Or 'have been heard.'

## CONJUGATION.

## VOICE.

| Imperative Mood.                                                                                                            | Infinitive.                              | Participles.                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| —<br>audi-re, <i>be thou heard</i><br>—<br>audi-mīni, <i>be ye heard</i><br>—                                               | audi-ri, <i>to be heard</i>              |                                     |
| —<br>audi-tor, <i>thou must be heard</i><br>audi-tor, <i>he must be heard</i><br>—<br>audi-untor, <i>they must be heard</i> | audi-tum iri                             | audi-endus, <i>meet to be heard</i> |
|                                                                                                                             |                                          |                                     |
|                                                                                                                             | audi-tus esse, <i>to have been heard</i> | audi-tus, <i>heard</i>              |
|                                                                                                                             |                                          |                                     |
|                                                                                                                             |                                          |                                     |
|                                                                                                                             |                                          |                                     |

## CONJUGATION.

## § 25.

In order to conjugate a Latin Verb, it is necessary to know :

(1) The Present Indic. Act. 1st Person ; (2) The Infinitive Pres. Act. ; (3) The Perfect Indic. Act. 1st Person ; (4) The Supine in *-um*. For from these the other Tenses may be derived. As, amo, amāre, amāvī, amātum.

But it is useful, in conjugating, to mention also the 2nd Person Sing. Pres. Indic. Act., the Gerunds, Supines, and Participles.

## ACTIVE VOICE.

|                       | 1st Conj. | 2nd Conj.  | 3rd Conj. | 4th Conj.  |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|
| 1 Pers. Ind. Pr.      | am-o      | mon-eo     | reg-o     | aud-io     |
| 2 Pers. Ind. Pr.      | am-as     | mon-es     | reg-is    | aud-is     |
| Infinitive . .        | am-āre    | mon-ēre    | reg-ēre   | aud-īre    |
| Perfect . . .         | am-āvi    | mon-ūi     | rex-i     | aud-ivi    |
| Gerund in <i>dum</i>  | am-andum  | mon-endum  | reg-endum | aud-iendum |
| „ <i>dī</i> .         | am-andi   | mon-endi   | reg-endi  | aud-iendi  |
| „ <i>dō</i> .         | am-ando   | mon-endo   | reg-endo  | aud-iendo  |
| Supine in <i>um</i> . | am-ātum   | mon-ītum   | rect-um   | aud-ītum   |
| „ <i>ū</i> .          | am-ātu    | mon-ītu    | rect-u    | aud-ītu    |
| Partic. Present       | am-ans    | mon-ens    | reg-ens   | aud-iens   |
| „ Future              | am-atūrus | mon-itūrus | rect-ūrus | aud-itūrus |

## PASSIVE VOICE.

|                           | 1st Conj.                                     | 2nd Conj.                                        | 3rd Conj.                                  | 4th Conj.                                      |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| 1 Pers. Ind. Pr.          | am-or                                         | mon-eor                                          | reg-or                                     | aud-ior                                        |
| 2 Pers. Ind. Pr.          | am-āris                                       | mon-ēris                                         | reg-ēris                                   | aud-īris                                       |
| Infinitive . .            | am-ārī                                        | mon-ērī                                          | reg-ī                                      | aud-īrī                                        |
| Inf. Perf. and Plupf. . . | amatus esse,<br><i>to have been loved</i>     | monitus esse,<br><i>to have been advised</i>     | rectus esse,<br><i>to have been ruled</i>  | auditus esse,<br><i>to have been heard</i>     |
| Inf. Fut. . .             | amatum iri,<br><i>to be about to be loved</i> | monitum iri,<br><i>to be about to be advised</i> | rectum iri, <i>to be about to be ruled</i> | auditum iri,<br><i>to be about to be heard</i> |
| Perfect . . .             | am-ātus sum                                   | mon-ītus sum                                     | rect-us sum                                | aud-ītussum                                    |
| Partic. Perfect           | am-ātus                                       | mon-ītus                                         | rect-us                                    | aud-ītus                                       |
| „ in <i>dus</i>           | am-andus                                      | mon-endus                                        | reg-endus                                  | aud-iendus                                     |

Verbs in *io* of the Third Conjugation sometimes throw away *i*, sometimes retain it : as,

Active : capi-o, *I take*, cap-is ; cēp-i ; cap-ēre ; capi-endum, capi-endi, capi-endo ; cap-tum, capt-u ; capi-ens, capt-ūrus.

Passive : capi-or, cap-ēris ; capt-us sum ; cap-i ; capt-us, capi-endus.

## DEPONENT VERBS.

## § 26.

Deponent Verbs follow the Conjugation of the Passive voice, but have the meaning of the Active, and take Gerunds, Supines, and Participles Active. Transitive Verbs are those which *act on* an Object: as, *moneo* (hortor) *Lucium*, *I advise (exhort) Lucius*. Intransitive Verbs have no Object: as, *sto*, *I stand*; *moriōr*, *I die*.

## (a) CONJUGATION OF TRANSITIVE DEPONENTS.

|                       | 1st Conj.<br><i>hunt</i> | 2nd Conj.<br><i>fear</i> | 3rd Conj.<br><i>use</i> | 4th Conj.<br><i>divide</i> |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 Pers. Pres. Ind.    | ven-or                   | ver-eor                  | ut-or                   | part-ior                   |
| 1 Pers. Pres. Ind.    | ven-āris                 | ver-ēris                 | ut-ēris                 | part-iris                  |
| Infinitive Pres.      | ven-ārī                  | ver-ērī                  | ut-i                    | part-iri                   |
| Perfect . . .         | ven-ātus sum             | ver-ītus sum             | us-us sum               | part-itus sum              |
| Gerund in <i>dum</i>  | ven-andum                | ver-endum                | ut-endum                | part-iendum                |
| " <i>di</i> . .       | ven-andi                 | ver-endi                 | ut-endi                 | part-iendi                 |
| " <i>do</i> . .       | ven-ando                 | ver-endo                 | ut-endo                 | part-iendo                 |
| Gerundive . .         | ven-andus                | ver-endus                | ut-endus                | part-iendus                |
| Supine in <i>um</i> . | ven-ātum                 | ver-ītum                 | us-um                   | part-itum                  |
| " <i>u</i> . .        | ven-ātu                  | ver-ītu                  | us-u                    | part-itu                   |
| Part. Pres. . .       | ven-ans                  | ver-ens                  | ut-ens                  | part-iens                  |
| " Perf. . .           | ven-ātus                 | ver-ītus                 | us-us                   | part-itus                  |
| " Fut. . .            | ven-atūrus               | ver-itūrus               | us-ūrus                 | part-itūrus                |

Intransitive Deponents want the supine in *-u* and participle in *-us*.

## (b) CONJUGATION OF INTRANSITIVE DEPONENTS.

|                       | 1st Conj.<br><i>wander</i> | 2nd Conj. | 3rd Conj.<br><i>glide</i> | 4th Conj.<br><i>fawn</i> |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Pers. Pr. Ind.      | vag-or                     | —         | lab-or                    | bland-ior                |
| 2 Pers. Pr. Ind.      | vag-āris                   | —         | lab-ēris                  | bland-iris               |
| Inf. Pres. . .        | vag-ātus sum               | —         | lab-i                     | bland-iri                |
| Perfect . . .         | vag-ārī                    | —         | lap-sus sum               | bland-itus sum           |
| Ger. in <i>dum</i> .  | vag-andum                  | —         | lab-endum                 | bland-iendum             |
| " <i>di</i> . .       | vag-andi                   | —         | lab-endi                  | bland-iendi              |
| " <i>do</i> . .       | vag-ando                   | —         | lab-endo                  | bland-iendo              |
| Sup. in <i>um</i> . . | vag-ātum                   | —         | lap-sum                   | bland-itum               |
| Part. Pres. . .       | vag-ans                    | —         | lab-ens                   | bland-iens               |
| " Perf. . .           | vag-ātus                   | —         | lap-sus                   | bland-itus               |
| " Fut. . .            | vag-atūrus                 | —         | lap-sūrus                 | bland-itūrus             |



## OBSERVATIONS ON THE VERBS.

## § 27.

- (1) In the Passive Tenses formed with the Auxiliary Verb *sum*, *fui* may be used for *sum*, *fuëram* for *ëram*, *fuëro* for *ëro*, *fuërim* for *ërim*, and *fuissem* for *essem*, with a stronger past force : as,

|                |                                              |                 |                   |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| <i>amātus</i>  | <i>sum, or fui, I was, or have been</i>      | } <i>loved.</i> |                   |
| <i>monitus</i> | <i>ēram, or fuēram, I had been</i>           |                 |                   |
| <i>rectus</i>  | <i>ēro, or fuēro, I shall have been</i>      |                 | } <i>advised.</i> |
| <i>auditus</i> | <i>sim, or fuērim, I may have been</i>       |                 |                   |
|                | <i>essem, or fuissem, I should have been</i> | } <i>ruled.</i> |                   |
|                |                                              | } <i>heard.</i> |                   |

- (2) The Participles in *-rus* and *-dus* may be conjugated with all the Moods and Tenses of the Verb *sum*; and this is called the Periphrastic Conjugation : as,

## ACTIVE VOICE.

|                 |               |                          |                             |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <i>amatürus</i> | <i>sum,</i>   | <i>I am</i>              | } <i>about to be loved.</i> |
|                 | <i>eram,</i>  | <i>I was</i>             |                             |
|                 | <i>fui,</i>   | <i>I have been</i>       |                             |
|                 | <i>ero,</i>   | <i>I shall be</i>        |                             |
|                 | <i>fuero,</i> | <i>I shall have been</i> |                             |

## PASSIVE VOICE.

|                |               |                          |                            |
|----------------|---------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| <i>amandus</i> | <i>sum,</i>   | <i>I am</i>              | } <i>meet to be loved.</i> |
|                | <i>eram,</i>  | <i>I was</i>             |                            |
|                | <i>fui,</i>   | <i>I have been</i>       |                            |
|                | <i>ero,</i>   | <i>I shall be</i>        |                            |
|                | <i>fuero,</i> | <i>I shall have been</i> |                            |

## DEFECTIVE VERBS.

## § 28.

Defective Verbs are such as want many of the usual parts of a Verb : as, *aio*, *I say*; *inquam*, *say I*; *memini*, *I remember*, etc.

Impersonal Verbs are conjugated only in the Third Persons Singular of the Proper Moods, and in the Infinitive Mood. They have no Passive Voice. The principal Impersonals are of the 2nd Conjugation :—

|                          |                           |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| oportet, decet, dedēcet, | taedet atque misēret,     |
| piget, pudet, poenitet,  | libet, licet, et liquet.* |

## ANOMALOUS VERBS.

## § 29.

Anomalous Verbs are such as do not form all their parts according to the common rules.

## CONJUGATION OF ANOMALOUS VERBS.

|                          | 1. <i>am able</i> | 2. <i>wish</i>    | 3. <i>not-wish</i> | 4. <i>wish-<br/>rather</i> |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 Pers. Pres. . .        | possum            | volo              | nolo               | malo                       |
| 2 Pers. Pres. . .        | potes             | vis               | nonvis             | mavis                      |
| Inf. Pres. . . .         | posse             | velle             | nolle              | malle                      |
| Perfect . . . .          | potui             | volui             | nolui              | malui                      |
|                          | potuisse          | voluisse          | noluisse           | maluisse                   |
| Participle Pres. .       | (potens)          | volens            | nolens             | malens                     |
|                          | 5. <i>bear</i>    | 6. <i>am made</i> | 7. <i>go</i>       |                            |
| 1 Pers. Pres. . .        | fero              | fīo               | eo                 |                            |
| 2 Pers. Pres. . .        | fers              | fīs               | is                 |                            |
| Infinitive Pres. .       | ferre             | fīeri             | i-re               |                            |
| Perfect . . . .          | tuli              | factus esse       | i-vi               |                            |
|                          | tulisse           | factum iri        | i-visse            |                            |
|                          |                   | faciendus         |                    |                            |
| Gerund in <i>dum</i> . . | ferendum          | —                 | eundum             |                            |
| " <i>di</i> . . . .      | ferendi           | —                 | eundi              |                            |
| " <i>do</i> . . . .      | ferendo           | —                 | eundo              |                            |
| Supine in <i>um</i> . .  | latum             | —                 | i-tum              |                            |
| " <i>u</i> . . . .       | latu              | —                 | i-tu               |                            |
| Part. Pres. . . .        | ferens            | —                 | i-ens (eunt-is)    |                            |
| " Future . . . .         | latūrus           | —                 | i-tūrus            |                            |

NOTE 1.—Fero (Passive) has Pres. Ind. 2. ferris; 3. fertur; Inf. ferri; Perf. latus sum, etc. The other forms are regular.

NOTE 2.—Fīo is the Passive of facio, *I make*.

NOTE 3.—Edo, *I eat*, often changes some of its forms as follows :

| Pres. 2nd Pers.                                                 | 3rd Pers.   | Inf. Pres.    | Imperf. Conj.    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| ēdis or es                                                      | ēdit or est | edēre or esse | edērem or essem. |
| Pres. Conj. ēdim, ēdis, ēdit, is used. Other forms are regular. |             |               |                  |

\* It behoves, it seems, it misseems,  
it irks, it shames, it repents,

it wearies, it moves-with-pity,  
it pleases, it is allowed, it is clear.

## § 30.

## TENSE-FORMATION OF

| INDICATIVE MOOD. |                                                   |         |          |           |         |         |                  |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|------------------|
| Singular.        |                                                   |         |          |           |         |         |                  |
| Plural.          |                                                   |         |          |           |         |         |                  |
| 1.               | 2.                                                | 3.      | 1.       | 2.        | 3.      |         |                  |
| Possum           | pot-es                                            | pot-est | possumus | pot-estis | possunt |         |                  |
| volo             | vis                                               | vult    | volūmus  | vultis    | volunt  |         |                  |
| nolo             | nonvis                                            | nonvult | nolūmus  | nonvultis | nolunt  |         |                  |
| malo             | mavis                                             | mavult  | malūmus  | mavultis  | malunt  |         |                  |
| fero             | fers                                              | fert    | ferimus  | fertis    | ferunt  |         |                  |
| fio              | fis                                               | fit     | firmus   | fitis     | fiunt   |         |                  |
| eo               | is                                                | it      | imus     | itis      | eunt    |         |                  |
| Future Simple.   | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>fer-<br>fi-<br>i- | ēro     | ēris     | ērit      | erimus  | eritis  | erunt            |
|                  | }                                                 | am      | es       | et        | ēmus    | ētis    | ent              |
|                  |                                                   | bo      | bis      | bit       | bīmus   | bītis   | bunt             |
| Imperfect.       | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>fer-<br>fi-<br>i- | eram    | eras     | erat      | erāmus  | erātis  | erant            |
|                  | }                                                 | ebam    | ebas     | ebat      | ebāmus  | ebātis  | ebant            |
|                  |                                                   | bam     | bas      | bat       | bamus   | batis   | bant             |
| Perfect.         | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>tul-<br>i-        | ui      | uisti    | uit       | uimus   | uistis  | uerunt<br>or ere |
|                  | }                                                 | i       | isti     | it        | īmus    | istis   | ērunt or<br>ēre  |
|                  |                                                   | vi      | visti    | vit       | vimus   | vistis  | verunt<br>or ere |
| Future Perfect.  | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>tul-<br>i-        | uero    | ueris    | uerit     | uerimus | ueritis | uerint           |
|                  | }                                                 | ēro     | ēris     | ērit      | erimus  | eritis  | erint            |
|                  |                                                   | vero    | veris    | verit     | verimus | veritis | verint           |
| Pluperfect.      | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>tul-<br>i-        | ueram   | ueras    | uerat     | ueramus | ueratis | uerant           |
|                  | }                                                 | eram    | eras     | erat      | erāmus  | erātis  | erant            |
|                  |                                                   | veram   | veras    | verat     | veramus | veratis | verant           |

## ANOMALOUS VERBS.

|                  |                                                           | CONJUNCTIVE MOOD. |           |           |             |                                                                  |            |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
|                  |                                                           | Singular.         |           |           | Plural.     |                                                                  |            |
| Present Tense.   | Pos-<br>vel-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>fer-<br>fi-<br>e-         | 1.<br>sim         | 2.<br>sis | 3.<br>sit | 1.<br>simus | 2.<br>sitis                                                      | 3.<br>sint |
|                  |                                                           | im                | is        | it        | imus        | itis                                                             | int        |
|                  |                                                           | am                | as        | at        | amus        | atis                                                             | ant        |
| Imperfect.       | poss-<br>vell-<br>noll-<br>mall-<br>ferr-<br>fier-<br>ir- | em                |           |           | emus        | etis                                                             | ent        |
|                  |                                                           |                   |           |           |             |                                                                  |            |
| Perfect.         | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>tul-                      | uerim             | ueris     | uerit     | uerimus     | ueritis                                                          | uerint     |
|                  |                                                           | erim              | eris      | erit      | erimus      | eritis                                                           | erint      |
|                  | i-                                                        | verim             | veris     | verit     | verimus     | veritis                                                          | verint     |
| Pluperfect.      | pot-<br>vol-<br>nol-<br>mal-<br>tul-                      | uissem            | uisses    | uisset    | uissemus    | uissetis                                                         | uisSENT    |
|                  |                                                           | issem             | isses     | isset     | issēmus     | issētis                                                          | issent     |
|                  | i-                                                        | vissem            | visses    | visset    | vissemus    | vissetis                                                         | vissent    |
| IMPERATIVE MOOD. |                                                           |                   |           |           |             |                                                                  |            |
| Present.         |                                                           |                   |           |           |             |                                                                  |            |
| Singular.        |                                                           |                   |           | Plural.   |             |                                                                  |            |
| (3) noli         | 2.                                                        |                   |           | nolite    | 2.          |                                                                  |            |
| (5) fer          |                                                           |                   |           | ferte     |             |                                                                  |            |
| (6) fi           |                                                           |                   |           | fite      |             |                                                                  |            |
| (7) i            |                                                           |                   |           | ite       |             |                                                                  |            |
| Future.          |                                                           |                   |           |           |             |                                                                  |            |
| (3) nolito       | 2.                                                        | 3.                |           | nolitōte  | 2.          | 3.                                                               |            |
| (5) fertō        |                                                           | fertō             |           | fertōte   |             | ferunto                                                          |            |
| (7) ito          |                                                           | ito               |           | itōte     |             | eunto                                                            |            |
|                  |                                                           |                   |           |           |             | (For the parts of VERB INFINITE, see Form of Conjugation, § 29.) |            |

## PARTICLES.

## § 31.

The undeclined Parts of Speech (Adverbs, Prepositions, Conjunctions, Interjections) are called Particles.

A. ADVERBS qualify Verbs, Adjectives, and Adverbs.

(1) Adverbs of Place ask and answer questions about Place: as, Ubi, *where?* Quo, *whither?* Unde, *whence?* etc.: as,

|                    |                             |                                |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| hic, <i>here</i>   | ibi, <i>illic, there</i>    | ubique, <i>everywhere</i>      |
| huc, <i>hither</i> | eo, <i>illuc, thither</i>   |                                |
| hinc, <i>hence</i> | inde, <i>illinc, thence</i> | undique, <i>from all sides</i> |

(2) Adverbs of Time ask and answer questions about Time: as, Quando, *when?* as,

|                        |                     |                       |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| nunc, <i>now</i>       | saepe, <i>often</i> | semper, <i>always</i> |
| tunc, <i>tum, then</i> | raro, <i>seldom</i> | nunquam, <i>never</i> |

(3) Adverbs of Number ask and answer the question Quoties, *how often?* as,

|                    |                   |                          |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| semel, <i>once</i> | bis, <i>twice</i> | ter, <i>thrice, etc.</i> |
|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|

(4) Adverbs of Description express Manner, Quality, Quantity, etc. Most are derived from Adjectives, and end in e, ter, or o: as,

|                          |                          |                           |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| benē, <i>well</i>        | malē, <i>ill</i>         | miserē, <i>wretchedly</i> |
| fortiter, <i>bravely</i> | sapienter, <i>wisely</i> | falsō, <i>falsely</i>     |

Many of these have forms of Comparison in us, ē: for which see § 12.

NOTE.—Adverbs of Denial are: non, haud, *not*.

B. PREPOSITIONS govern Cases of Nouns.

(1) Prepositions which govern the Accusative Case:

ante, apud, ad, adversus,  
circum, circa, citra, cis,  
contra, intra, extra, erga,  
infra, inter, juxta, ob,  
penes, pone, post and praeter,  
prope, propter, per, secundum,  
supra, versus, ultra, trans.

(2) Prepositions which govern the Ablative Case :

a, ab, absque, coram, de,  
palam, clam, cum, ex, and e,  
sine, tenus, pro and prae.\*

(3) Prepositions which govern the Accusative or Ablative:

super, subter, sub, and in.

C. CONJUNCTIONS link Words, Sentences, and Clauses.  
They are of various kinds :

1. Co-ordinative.

- |                                |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (1) et, atque, ac, -que, and ; | (3) quam, ut, than, as.           |
| nec, neque, neither, nor.      | (4) sed, autem, verum, vero, but. |
| (2) aut, vel, -ve, either, or. | (5) nam, enim, for, etc.          |

2. Subordinative.

- |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) ut, in order that ;  | (3) quum, when, since ; |
| ne, lest.                | dum, whilst.            |
| (2) quia, quod, because. | (4) si, if.             |
|                          | nisi, unless, etc.      |

D. INTERJECTIONS are Particles of Exclamation, and are used  
either without a Case or with the Vocative Case, sometimes  
with the Accusative or Nominative. Such are :

|                 |                        |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| O, O !          | eheu, heu, hei, alas ! |
| a or ah, alas ! | en, ecce, lo !         |

\* Prepositions with English :

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <p>(1) ante, before<br/>apud, at, among, in, with<br/>ad, to, at<br/>adversus, toward, against<br/>circum, around<br/>circa, about<br/>citra, cis, on the near side of<br/>contra, against<br/>intra, within<br/>extra, without<br/>erga, towards<br/>infra, below<br/>inter, between, among<br/>juxta, adjoining to, next</p> | <p>Govern Accusative.</p>    | <p>ob, over against, by reason of<br/>penes, in the power of<br/>pone, behind<br/>post, after, behind<br/>praeter, beside, along<br/>prope, near<br/>propter, nigh, on account of<br/>per, through, by<br/>secundum, next to, along,<br/>according to<br/>supra, above<br/>trans, across, over<br/>versus, towards<br/>ultra, beyond</p> | <p>Govern Accusative.</p>    |
| <p>(2) a, ab, by, from<br/>absque, without<br/>coram, in the presence of<br/>de, down from, from, con-<br/>cerning<br/>palam, in sight of<br/>clam, without the knowledge of</p>                                                                                                                                               | <p>Govern Ablative.</p>      | <p>cum, with<br/>ex, e, out of, from<br/>sine, without<br/>tenus, as far as<br/>pro, before, for, instead of<br/>prae, before, owing to, com-<br/>pared with</p>                                                                                                                                                                         | <p>Govern Ablative.</p>      |
| <p>(3) super, over, upon<br/>subter, beneath<br/>sub, up to, under (Acc.) ;<br/>under (Abl.)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <p>Govern Accus. or Abl.</p> | <p>in, into, against (Acc.) ; in,<br/>upon, among (Abl.)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Govern Accus. or Abl.</p> |

## SYNTAXIS MINIMA.

## A. THE FOUR CONCORDS.

## § 32.

- I. The Finite Verb agrees with its Nominative in Number and Person :

|                                           |                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>tu doces,</i><br><i>thou teachest.</i> | <i>magister docet,</i><br><i>the master teaches.</i> |
| <i>nos discimus,</i><br><i>we learn.</i>  | <i>libri leguntur,</i><br><i>books are read.</i>     |

Obs.—Nominatives of Pronouns are implied in the endings of Verbs and may be left out, unless wanted to give emphasis ; as, *doces, thou teachest ; discimus, we learn.*

## § 33.

- II. The Adjective agrees in Gender, Number, and Case with the word to which it is attributed :

*hic bonus magister docet illos pueros bonos,*  
*this good master teaches those good boys.*  
*patria civium bonorum est felicissima,*  
*the country of-good citizens is very-happy.*

Obs.—Adjectives are often used as Substantives (*man* or *men* being implied if they are Masc. ; *thing* or *things*, if they are Neuter) : as, *sapiens, a wise-man ; boni, good-men ; omnia, all-things.*

## § 34.

- III. The Substantive agrees in Case with the word to which it is apposite :

*nos pueri docemur a Lollio, magistro optimo,*  
*we boys are-taught by Lollius, a-very-good master.*  
*Lollius est magister optimus,*  
*Lollius is a very-good master.*

## § 35.

- IV. The Relative *qui, quae, quod*, agrees with its Antecedent in Gender, Number, and Person :

*tu, mater, quae doces, cara es pueris quos amas,*  
*thou, mother, who teachest, art dear to-the-boys whom thou-lovest.*

Obs.—*Qui* begins a new Clause, and is put in the case which its clause requires.

## B. CASES.

## § 36.

- I. Copulative Verbs (as, sum, fore, fio, exsisto, nascor, videor, with Passive Verbs of *making, calling, and thinking*) have usually the same Case before and after them :

*vita est brevis,*  
*life is short.*

*pueri fiunt viri,*  
*boys become men.*

*scimus vitam esse brevem,*  
*we-know that-life is short.*

*constat pueros fieri viros,*  
*it-is-clear that-boys become men.*

Obs.—(1) That which is spoken of is called the Subject: as magister; what is said of it is called the Predicate: as, docet. If the Predicate is a Copulative Verb and a Case of a Substantive or Adjective, the latter is called the Complement: as, brevis, viri. (2) The Subject of a Finite Verb is a Nominative (§ 32). The Subject of an Infinitive Verb is an Accusative (vitam, pueros). (3) An Adjective Complement (brevis, brevem) is attributed to the Subject (§ 33): a Substantive Complement (viri, viros) is apposite to the Subject (§ 34).

## § 37.

- II. The Accusative is the Case of the Object, and is governed by Transitive Verbs :

*mater alit pullos,*  
*the mother feeds the young-birds.*

| *in primis venerāre Deum,*  
*first-of-all worship God.*

also by many Prepositions (§ 31, B.) :

*ante noctem rediimus ad urbem,*  
*before night we-returned to the city.*

Obs.—Transitive Verbs are sometimes called Quid-Verbs.

## § 38.

- III. The Dative is the Case of the Recipient, and is governed by many Adjectives and Verbs :

*utilis est patriae qui virtūti favet,*  
*he-is useful to his country, who favours virtue.*

*quod damus pauperibus, Deo damus,*  
*what we give to the poor, we give to God.*

*urbi pater est urbiq; maritus,*  
*he-is a father for-the-city and a husband for-the-city.*

Obs.—Verbs which by their meaning suggest a Recipient, as *faveo*, are called Trajective, or Cui-Verbs. If they are also Transitive, they are called Cui-Quid (Trajective-Transitive) Verbs. But a Dative for which anything is or is-done, may be joined to almost any Verb or Adjective. See third Example.



## § 39.

- IV. 1. The Ablative is the Case of Circumstance, and is governed by Adjectives and Verbs, also by Substantives and Prepositions (§ 31, B.):

*contentus est opibus parvis,*  
*he is content with little wealth.*

*injuria fit vi aut fraude,*  
*wrong is done by-force or by-fraud.*

*vir est nullā fide,*  
*he is a man of-no credit.*

*dux ab hoste in carcere necatus est,*  
*the general was killed in prison by the enemy.*

2. Comparatives take an Ablative of the Thing compared:

*quid mollius undā est?*  
*what is softer than water?*

## § 40.

- V. 1. The Genitive is the Case of the Possessor; it is also governed by Substantives, Adjectives, and a few Verbs:

*singulōrum opes sunt divitiæ civitatis,*  
*the resources of-individuals are the riches of-the-state.*

*Gallia est plena civium, fertilis segetum,*  
*Gaul is full of-citizens, fruitful of-corn-crops.*

*miseret me tui, quem stultitiæ tuæ non pudet,*  
*I pity you, who are-not ashamed of-your folly.*

2. The Distributive Genitive is governed by Partitive words:

*multi Belgarum sunt optimi militum,*  
*many of-the-Belgians are the best of-the-soldiers.*

## § 41.

- VI. The Vocative is the Case of one addressed, and stands out of the Sentence without or with an Interjection:

*audi, fili (vel O fili),*  
*hear, son (or O son).*

## C. THE VERB INFINITE.

## § 42.

- I. The Infinitive is a Neuter Verb-Noun, used as a Nominative or Accusative:

*mentiri turpe est,*  
*to-lie is base.*

|

*mentiri turpe habeto,*  
*hold lying base.*

As Prolative, it follows many Verbs and Adjectives :

non omnes possunt fieri philosophi,  
*not all-men can become philosophers.*  
 frigus dicitur nocuisse militibus,  
*cold is-said to-have-hurt the soldiers.*  
 ambo cantare parati sunt,  
*both are prepared to sing.*

II. Gerunds and Supines are Cases of the Infinitive :

|                                                           |                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| venio ad spectandum,<br><i>I-come to see.</i>             | loquor de spectando,<br><i>I-speak of seeing.</i>   |
| cupidus sum spectandi,<br><i>I-am desirous of-seeing.</i> | venio spectatum,<br><i>I-come to-see.</i>           |
| oblector spectando,<br><i>I-am-amused with-seeing.</i>    | digna spectatu,<br><i>things-worthy to-be-seen.</i> |

## PARSING SCHEME.

State what Part of Speech each word in a Sentence is, and if

- (1) A SUBSTANTIVE . . . Give its Case — Number — Nom. Sing. — Genitive—Declension—Gender (give rule)—Verb to which it stands as Subject or Object (give rule).
- (2) AN ADJECTIVE . . . Give its Case—Gender—Number—Nom. Sing. What is it declined like? What does it agree with?
- (3) A VERB : } . . . Give its Person—Number—Tense—Mood—Conjugation—Voice—Principal Parts (see § 25)—Subject—Object.
  - (α) Finite
  - (β) Infinitive. . . (1) Give the Finite Verb to which it is subject or object. (2) Give the word it follows as Prolative.
  - (γ) Participle . . . Parse as Adjective *and* as Verb.
- (4) PRONOUNS . . . (α) Personal Pronouns follow the rules of Substantives. Possessive follow the rules of Adjectives. Demonstrative may be treated as either Substantives or Adjectives. (β) Relative.—Give the word to which it relates (its antecedent). What Gender and Number is it? why? What case is it? why?
- (5) ADVERB . . . . What word does it qualify? Give its degrees of Comparison and the Adjective it is derived from.
- (6) PREPOSITION . . . What word does it govern? Give the other Prepositions governing the same Case.

## OF THE GENDER OF NOUNS.

## (A.) GENERAL RULES.

- (1) MASCULINE, Names of . . . Men—Peoples—Gods—Winds—  
Months—Mountains—Rivers.
- (2) FEMININE „ . . . Trees — Goddesses — Women —  
Countries—Cities—Islands.
- (3) NEUTER . . . . . Indeclinable words.

## COMMON.

adolescens, *young person*  
advena, *new comer*  
ales, *bird*  
anguis, *snake*  
artifex, *artist*  
auctor, *author*  
bos, *ox or cow*  
canis, *dog*  
civis, *citizen*  
comes, *companion*  
conjux, *husband or wife*  
conviva, *guest*  
custos, *guardian*  
dama, *deer*  
dux, *leader*  
exul, *exile*  
grus, *crane*  
heres, *heir*  
incola, *inhabitant*

index, *informer*  
infans, *infant*  
interpretes, *interpreter*  
judex, *judge*  
juvenis, *young person*  
municeps, *burgess*  
obses, *hostage*  
parens, *parent*  
princeps, *prince*  
sacerdos, *priest or priestess*  
satelles, *body-guard*  
serpens, *serpent*  
sus, *swine*  
talpa, *mole*  
testis, *witness*  
tigris, *tiger*  
vates, *seer*  
vindex, *avenger*

## (B.) GENDER IN THE DECLENSIONS.

## FIRST DECLENSION.

## ENDINGS.

M. -as, -es.

F. -a, -e.

## EXCEPTIONS.

M. Names of Men: as, Galba, Caligula.

Names of classes of Men: as, nauta, *a sailor*; poeta, *a poet*.

## SECOND DECLENSION.

## ENDINGS.

**M.** -us, -er. **N.** -um.

## EXCEPTIONS.

**F.** *Alvus, paunch; Arctus, the Bear; carbasus, canvas; colus, distaff; humus, ground; pampinus, vine-leaf.* **N.** *Virus, venom; pelagus, sea.* **M.** and **N.** *Vulgus, common people.*

## THIRD DECLENSION.

## ENDINGS.

**M.** { -er, -es, increasing in Gen.  
-o, -or, -os.

## EXCEPTIONS.

**N.** *Acer, maple; cadaver, carcase; iter, journey; papaver, poppy; piper, pepper; siler, withy; tuber, mushroom; uber, udder; ver, spring; verber, blow.* **F.** *margo, margin).*  
**F.** *Compes, fetter; merces, reward; merges, sheaf; quies, rest; seges, corn-crop; teges, mat.* **F.** *Caro, flesh; echo, echo; and words in -io, as, oratio, a speech (except, M. things which you can see or handle, as, unio, a pearl; papilio, a butterfly).*  
**N.** *Æs, copper.* **F.** *Arbor, tree.*  
**F.** *Words ending in do and go (except, M. cardo, hinge; ligo, spade; ordo, order. M. and* **N.** *Æquor, sea; marmor, marble; cor, heart.*  
**F.** *Cos, whetstone; dos, dowry.*  
**N.** *Os (oris), mouth; os (ossis), bone.*

## ENDINGS.

**F.** { -as, -aus, -es not increasing, -is.  
-s after Consonant, -x.

## EXCEPTIONS.

**M.** *Adamas, adamant; as, as; elephas, elephant; gigas, giant; vas (vadis), surety.* **M.** *Amnis, river; axis, axle; canalis, canal; casses, nets; caulis, stalk; clunis, hind-leg; collis, hill; crinis, hair; cucumis, cucumber; ensis, sword; fascis, bundle; follis, bellows;*  
**N.** *Vas (vasis), vessel.*  
**M.** *Acinaces, scimitar; verres, boar-pig.*

funis, *rope*; glis, *dormouse*;  
fustis, *cudgel*; ignis, *fire*;  
lapis, *stone*; manes, *ghosts*;  
mensis, *month*; orbis, *world*;  
panis, *bread*; piscis, *fish*;  
postis, *door-post*; pulvis, *dust*;  
sanguis, *blood*; torris, *brand*;  
unguis, *nail*; vectis, *lever*;  
vermis, *worm*.

**C.** Callis, *path*; cinis, *ashes*; finis,  
*end*; funis, *rope*; torquis,  
*collar*.

**M.** Bidens, *fork*; chalybs, *steel*;

cliens, *client*; dens, *tooth*;  
fons, *fountain*; gryps, *griffin*;  
hydrops, *dropsy*; mons, *moun-  
tain*; pons, *bridge*; oriens,  
*east*; occidens, *west*; rudens,  
*cable*; torrens, *torrent*; tridens,  
*trident*.

**M.** Calix, *cup*; fornix, *arch*; phœ-  
nix, *phœnix*; and all in -ex, ex-  
cept, **F.** lex, *law*; nex, *death*;  
supellex, *furniture*.

**C.** Silex, *basalt*.

#### ENDINGS.

**N.** { -a, -e, -c, -n, l-, -t.  
-ar, -ur, -us.

#### EXCEPTIONS.

**M.** Mugil, *mullet*; sal, *salt*; sol,  
*sun*; attagen, *woodcock*; del-  
phin, *dolphin*; pecten, *comb*;  
ren, *kidney*; splen, *spleen*;  
fur, *thief*; furfur, *bran*; turtur,  
*turtle-dove*; vultur, *vulture*;  
lepus, *hare*; mus, *mouse*.

**F.** Incus, *anvil*; juvenus, *youth*;  
palus, *marsh*; pecus (pecudis),  
*a beast*; salus, *health*; senectus,  
*old age*; servitus, *slavery*;  
tellus, *earth*; virtus, *virtue*.

### FOURTH DECLENSION.

#### ENDINGS.

**M.** -us. **N.** -u.

#### EXCEPTIONS.

**F.** Acus, *needle*; domus, *house*; porticus, *porch*.  
Idus, *Ides*; manus, *hand*;

### FIFTH DECLENSION.

#### ENDINGS.

**F.** -es.

#### EXCEPTIONS.

Dies **M.** and **F.** in Sing.

Dies **M.** in Plural.

## SOME DEFECTIVE AND IRREGULAR NOUNS.

|                                 |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| cunæ, <i>cradle</i>             | } Have no<br>Sing.<br>Number. | carbasus, <i>canvas</i> | } Make -i and<br>-a in<br>Plural.  |                                             |
| divitiæ, <i>riches</i>          |                               | frenum, <i>bit</i>      |                                    |                                             |
| grates, <i>thanks</i>           |                               | jocus, <i>jest</i>      |                                    |                                             |
| loculi, <i>purse</i>            |                               | locus, <i>place</i>     |                                    |                                             |
| manes, <i>ghosts</i>            |                               | rastrum, <i>harrow</i>  |                                    |                                             |
| mœnia, <i>walls</i>             |                               | sibilus, <i>hiss</i>    |                                    |                                             |
| nugæ, <i>trifles</i>            |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| nuptiæ, <i>bridal</i>           |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| tenebræ, <i>darkness</i>        |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| penates, <i>household gods</i>  |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| arma, <i>arms</i>               |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| viscera, <i>entrails</i>        |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| magalia, <i>huts</i>            |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| Floralia, } <i>Feasts of</i>    |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| Saturna- } <i>Flora, Sa-</i>    |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
| lia, &c. } <i>turn, &amp;c.</i> |                               |                         |                                    |                                             |
|                                 |                               | Sing.                   | Plur.                              |                                             |
|                                 |                               | sedes, <i>temple</i>    | sedes, <i>house</i>                | } Change their<br>meaning in<br>the Plural. |
|                                 |                               | castrum, <i>fort</i>    | castra, <i>camp</i>                |                                             |
|                                 |                               | opis, <i>help</i>       | opes, <i>wealth</i>                |                                             |
|                                 |                               | opera, <i>exertion</i>  | operæ, <i>work-<br/>ing-people</i> |                                             |

Domus is thus declined :

| Sing.        | Plur.            |
|--------------|------------------|
| N.V. Domūs   | N.V. domūs       |
| A. domum     | A. domos, -ūs    |
| G. domūs     | G. domorum, -uum |
| D. domo, -ui | D. domibus       |
| Ab. domo     | Ab. domibus      |

Domi means *at home*.

ON SOME CASES OF THE THIRD DECLENSION. <sup>1</sup>

- |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <p>(A.) <i>Im pro em</i> Accusativo,<br/> <i>I pro e</i> in Ablativo<br/> Dant <i>buris, cucumis, amussis,</i><br/> <i>Ravis, sitis, vis, et tussis ;</i><br/> Et flumina quæ claudit <i>is,</i><br/> Ut <i>Albis, Liris, Tiberis.</i></p> <p>(B.) <i>Im vel em</i> Accusativo,<br/> <i>I vel e</i> in Ablativo<br/> Dant <i>neptis, febris, messis, clavis,</i><br/> <i>Puppis, pelvis, restis, navis,</i><br/> <i>Securis, turris ;</i> adde <i>his</i><br/> <i>Sementis atque strigilis.</i></p> <p>(C.) <i>I</i> Singularis Ablativi,<br/> <i>Ia</i> Pluralis Nominativi<br/> Neutra gaudent fingere,<br/> Quæ exeunt in <i>al, ar, e.</i><br/> His excepta sunt in <i>ar,</i><br/> <i>Baccar, nectar, jubar, far.</i></p> | <p>(D.) <i>Ium pro um</i> quæ offerunt<br/> Plurali Genitivo sunt :<br/> (1) <i>I</i> formantia Ablativo :<br/> (2) Non crescentia Genitivo :<br/> (3) Pleraque in <i>x</i> vel <i>s</i><br/> Post consonantem positæ :<br/> (4) Cum aliis Monosyllabis :<br/> <i>Mas, mus, nix, nox, os</i><br/> <i>(ossis), cos,</i><br/> <i>Sal, sol, cor, pax, glis,</i><br/> <i>lis, et dos.</i></p> <p>(E.) His excipienda sunt<br/> (Quæ <i>um</i> libenter offerunt),<br/> <i>Vates, senex, pater, panis,</i><br/> <i>Et accipiter, et canis,</i><br/> <i>Frater, mater, juvenis,</i><br/> <i>Et sæpius apis, volucris.</i></p> |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## NUMERALS.

| ARABIC NUMERALS. | ROMAN NUMERALS. | CARDINALS: answering the question <i>Quot? how many?</i> | ORDINALS: answering the question <i>Quotus, a, um? which in numeric order?</i> | DISTRIBUTIVES: answering the question <i>Quotum, ae, a? how many each?</i> | NUMERAL ADVERBS: answering the question <i>Quoties? how many times?</i> |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                | I               | unus, <i>one</i>                                         | m. -us, f. -a, n. -um.                                                         | m. -i, f. -ae, n. -a.                                                      | semel, <i>once</i> .                                                    |
| 2                | II              | duo, <i>two</i>                                          | primus, <i>first</i>                                                           | singuli, <i>one each</i>                                                   | bis, <i>twice</i> .                                                     |
| 3                | III             | tres, <i>three</i>                                       | secundus, <i>second</i>                                                        | bini, <i>two each, &amp;c.</i>                                             | ter, <i>thrice</i> .                                                    |
| 4                | IV              | quattuor, <i>four</i>                                    | tertius, <i>third</i>                                                          | terni, <i>or trini</i>                                                     | quater, <i>four times, &amp;c.</i>                                      |
| 5                | V               | quinque, <i>five</i>                                     | quartus, <i>fourth</i>                                                         | quaterni                                                                   | quinquies                                                               |
| 6                | VI              | sex, <i>six</i>                                          | quintus, <i>fifth</i>                                                          | quini                                                                      | sexies.                                                                 |
| 7                | VII             | septem, <i>seven</i>                                     | sextus, <i>sixth</i>                                                           | seni                                                                       | septies.                                                                |
| 8                | VIII            | octo, <i>eight</i>                                       | septimus, <i>seventh</i>                                                       | septeni                                                                    | octies.                                                                 |
| 9                | IX              | novem, <i>nine</i>                                       | octavus, <i>eighth</i>                                                         | octoni                                                                     | novies.                                                                 |
| 10               | X               | decem, <i>ten, &amp;c.</i>                               | nonus, <i>ninth</i>                                                            | noveni                                                                     | decies.                                                                 |
| 11               | XI              | undecim                                                  | decimus, <i>tenth, &amp;c.</i>                                                 | deni                                                                       | undecies.                                                               |
| 12               | XII             | duodecim                                                 | undecimus                                                                      | undeni                                                                     | duodecies.                                                              |
| 13               | XIII            | tredecim                                                 | duodecim                                                                       | duodeni                                                                    | tredecies.                                                              |
| 14               | XIV             | quattuordecim                                            | tertius decimus                                                                | terni deni                                                                 | quattuordecies.                                                         |
| 15               | XV              | quindecim                                                | quartus decimus                                                                | quaterni deni                                                              | quindecies.                                                             |
| 16               | XVI             | sedecim                                                  | quintus decimus                                                                | quini deni                                                                 | sedecies.                                                               |
| 17               | XVII            | septemdecim                                              | sextus decimus                                                                 | seni deni                                                                  | septiesdecies.                                                          |
| 18               | XVIII           | duodeviginti                                             | septimus decimus                                                               | septeni deni                                                               | duodevices.                                                             |
| 19               | XIX             | undeviginti                                              | duodevicesimus                                                                 | duodevicensi                                                               | undevices.                                                              |
| 20               | XX              | viginti                                                  | undevicesimus                                                                  | undevicensi                                                                | vices.                                                                  |
| 21               | XXI             | unus et viginti                                          | vicesimus                                                                      | vicensi                                                                    | semel et vices.                                                         |
| 29               | XXIX            | undetriginta                                             | unus et vicesimus                                                              | vicensi singuli                                                            | undetrices.                                                             |
| 30               | XXX             | triginta                                                 | undetricesimus                                                                 | undetricensi                                                               | trices.                                                                 |
| 40               | XL              | quadraginta, etc.                                        | trigesimus                                                                     | tricensi                                                                   | quadragies, etc.                                                        |
| 100              | C               | centum                                                   | quadragessimus, etc.                                                           | quadragenseni, etc.                                                        | centies.                                                                |
| 1000             | M               | mille                                                    | centessimus                                                                    | centeni                                                                    | millies.                                                                |
|                  |                 |                                                          | millesimus                                                                     | singula millia                                                             |                                                                         |

## VERBS.

## PRELIMINARY OBSERVATIONS.

1. A Pure Stem is one which has a Vowel Character: as, ama-, mone-, audi-.

A Clipt Stem is one which has dropped its Vowel character: as, am-, mon-.

A Vincular is a short Vowel joining a Stem or Clipt Stem to an ending: as, reg-e-re, mon-i-tum.

2. The First, Second, and Fourth Conjugations are Pure and also Contract, because their Vowel often forms a Contraction with another following it: as, ama-e, amā; mone-e, monē; audi-e, audi.

The Third Conjugation contains both Consonant-Verbs and U-Verbs, because the latter form no Contraction.

3. A Verb can be conjugated when its three Stems (Present, Perfect, Supine) are known.

4. The Perfect is formed in several ways:—1. By adding **vi** to the Stem: as, am**avi**, fle**vi**, audi**vi**. 2. By adding **ui** (for **vi**) to the Stem or Clipt Stem: as, col**ui**, mon**ui**. 3. By adding **si** to the Stem or Clipt Stem: as, carp**si**, mans**si**. In this formation Consonants are generally changed. 4. By prefixing a Reduplication, and adding **i** to the Stem or Clipt Stem. This Reduplication is either the first Consonant and Vowel of the Stem: as, cucur**i**, memord**i**; or the first Consonant with **ē**, in which case the Stem-vowel is usually changed: as, cēcī**i** (from cāno). 5. By adding **i** to the Stem or Clipt Stem, with or without change of the Stem-vowel: as, bib**i**, vert**i**, ēg**i** (from āgo), fāv**i** (from fāveo).

B. The Supine is formed:—1. By adding to the Stem or Clipt Stem **tum**, sometimes **i-tum**, and a change of letters often takes place: as, cultum, rectum, mon-i-tum. 2. The change of letters often requires **tum** to become **sum**.

## TABLE OF VERBS, SHOWING PRESENT, INFINITIVE, PERFECT, AND SUPINE.

(I.) FIRST CONJUGATION (Character **A**: Am**A**-re).

| Usual Form: | Present.<br>(a-o) -o<br>am-o | Perfect.<br>ā-vi<br>amā-vi | Supine.<br>ā-tum.<br>amā-tum. |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|

## EXCEPTIONS.

-ui, -itum.

|     | Present. | Infinitive. | Perfect.     | Supine.         |                  |
|-----|----------|-------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|
| (1) | sono     | -āre        | sonui        | sonitum         | <i>sound.</i>    |
| 2.  | tono     | -āre        | tonui        | tonitum         | <i>thunder.</i>  |
| 3.  | crepo    | -āre        | crepui       | crepitum        | <i>creak.</i>    |
| 4.  | cubo     | -āre        | cubui        | cubitum         | <i>lie down.</i> |
| 5.  | domo     | -āre        | domui        | domitum         | <i>tame.</i>     |
| 6.  | veto     | -āre        | vetui        | vetitum         | <i>forbid.</i>   |
| 7.  | plico    | -āre        | plicui (avi) | plicitum (atum) | <i>fold.</i>     |
| 8.  | mico     | -āre        | micui        | —               | <i>glitter.</i>  |



|     |          |        |                        |         |               |
|-----|----------|--------|------------------------|---------|---------------|
|     |          |        | -ui, -tum.             |         |               |
|     | Present. | Infín. | Perfect.               | Supine. |               |
| (2) | seco     | -äre   | secui                  | sectum  | <i>cut</i>    |
|     | frico    | -äre   | fricui                 | frictum | <i>rub</i>    |
|     |          |        | -i with Redupl., -tum. |         |               |
| (3) | 1. do    | -äre   | dedi                   | dätum   | <i>give.</i>  |
|     | 2. sto   | -äre   | steti                  | stätum  | <i>stand.</i> |
|     |          |        | -i, tum.               |         |               |
| (4) | 1. juvo  | -äre   | jüvi                   | jütum   | <i>help.</i>  |
|     | 2. lavo  | -äre   | lävi                   | lötum   | <i>wash.</i>  |

## (II.) SECOND CONJUGATION (Character ■: Mon■-re).

|              |        |        |          |
|--------------|--------|--------|----------|
| Usual Form : | -eo    | -ui    | -itum    |
|              | Mon-eo | mon-ui | mon-itum |

## EXCEPTIONS.

|     |           |      |        | <b>-vi, -tum.</b> |                  |
|-----|-----------|------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| (1) | 1. fleo   | -ēre | flevi  | flētum            | <i>weep.</i>     |
|     | 2. neo    | -ēre | nevi   | nētum             | <i>spin.</i>     |
|     | 3. deleo  | -ēre | delevi | delētum           | <i>blot out.</i> |
|     | 4. -pleo  | -ēre | -plevi | -plētum           | <i>fill.</i>     |
|     |           |      |        | <b>-ui, -tum.</b> |                  |
| (2) | 1. doceo  | -ēre | docui  | doctūm            | <i>teach.</i>    |
|     | 2. misceo | -ēre | miscui | mistum            | <i>mix.</i>      |
|     | 3. sorbeo | -ēre | sorbui | sorptum           | <i>swallow.</i>  |
|     | 4. torreo | -ēre | torrui | tostum            | <i>scorch.</i>   |
|     | 5. teneo  | -ēre | tenui  | -tentum           | <i>hold.</i>     |

(1) 4. Forms thus described are only used in the compounds.

|     |             |      | -si, -tum. |          |                  |
|-----|-------------|------|------------|----------|------------------|
| (3) | 1. augeo    | -äre | auxi       | auctum   | <i>increase.</i> |
|     | 2. torqueo  | -äre | torsi      | tortum   | <i>twist.</i>    |
|     | 3. indulgeo | -äre | indulsi    | indultum | <i>indulge.</i>  |
|     | 4. fulgeo   | -äre | fulsi      | —        | <i>glitter.</i>  |
|     | 5. luceo    | -äre | luxi       | —        | <i>shine.</i>    |
|     | 6. lugeo *  | -äre | luxi       | —        | <i>mourn.</i>    |

|     |           |      |       | <b>-si, -sum.</b> |                          |
|-----|-----------|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| (4) | 1. mulceo | -äre | mulsi | mulsum            | <i>soothe.</i>           |
|     | 2. ardeo  | -äre | arsi  | arsum             | <i>take fire, blaze.</i> |
|     | 3. rideo  | -äre | risi  | risum             | <i>laugh.</i>            |
|     | 4. suadeo | -äre | suasi | suasum            | <i>persuade.</i>         |
|     | 5. jubeo  | -äre | jussi | jussum            | <i>command.</i>          |
|     | 6. maneo  | -äre | mansi | mansum            | <i>remain.</i>           |
|     | 7. haereo | -äre | haesi | haesum            | <i>stick.</i>            |

\* Algeo (*am cold*), alsi ; urgeo (*urges*), ursi.

| -i with Redupl., -sum.     |            |        |             |         |                         |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|-------------|---------|-------------------------|
|                            | Present.   | Infín. | Perfect.    | Supine. |                         |
| (5)                        | 1. mordeo  | -äre   | momordi     | morsum  | <i>bite.</i>            |
|                            | 2. pendeo  | -äre   | pependi     | pensum  | <i>hang.</i>            |
|                            | 3. spondeo | -äre   | spopondi    | sponsum | <i>pledge, promise.</i> |
|                            | 4. tondeo  | -äre   | totondi     | tonsum  | <i>shear.</i>           |
| -i with long penult, -sum. |            |        |             |         |                         |
| (6)                        | 1. prandeo | -äre   | prandi      | pransum | <i>lunch, dine.</i>     |
|                            | 2. sedeo   | -äre   | sedi        | sessum  | <i>sit.</i>             |
|                            | 3. video   | -äre   | vīdi        | visum   | <i>see.</i>             |
| -i with long penult, -tum. |            |        |             |         |                         |
| (7)                        | 1. caveo   | -äre   | cāvi        | cautum  | <i>beware.</i>          |
|                            | 2. faveo   | -äre   | fāvi        | fautum  | <i>favour.</i>          |
|                            | 3. foveo   | -äre   | fōvi        | fortum  | <i>cherish.</i>         |
|                            | 4. moveo   | -äre   | mōvi        | motum   | <i>move.</i>            |
|                            | 5. voveo   | -äre   | vōvi        | votum   | <i>vow.</i>             |
| Semi-deponent.             |            |        |             |         |                         |
| (8)                        | 1. audeo   | -äre   | ausus sum   | —       | <i>dare.</i>            |
|                            | 2. gaudeo  | -äre   | gavisus sum | —       | <i>rejoice.</i>         |
|                            | 3. soleo   | -äre   | solitus sum | —       | <i>be wont.</i>         |

(So fido, fisus sum, *trust*, of Conjugation III.)

### (III.) THIRD CONJUGATION (Character a **Consonant** or **U**).

Form various. Reg-äre; Indu-äre.

#### A. CONSONANT-VERBS.

Guttural Stems, -si, -tum (*five* -sum).

|     |              |      |         |           |                   |
|-----|--------------|------|---------|-----------|-------------------|
| (1) | 1. dico      | -äre | dixi    | dictum    | <i>say.</i>       |
|     | 2. duco      | -äre | duxi    | ductum    | <i>lead, deem</i> |
|     | 3. sugo      | -äre | suxi    | suctum    | <i>suck.</i>      |
|     | 4. rego      | -äre | rexī    | rectum    | <i>rule.</i>      |
|     | 5. tego      | -äre | texi    | tectum    | <i>cover.</i>     |
|     | 6. cingo     | -äre | cinxī   | cinctum   | <i>surround.</i>  |
|     | 7. jungo     | -äre | junxi   | junctum   | <i>join.</i>      |
|     | 8. tingo     | -äre | tinxi   | tinctum   | <i>dye.</i>       |
|     | 9. coquo     | -äre | coxi    | coctum    | <i>cook.</i>      |
|     | 10. unguo    | -äre | unxi    | unctum    | <i>anoint.</i>    |
|     | 11. -stinguo | -äre | -stinxi | -stinctum | <i>quench.</i>    |
|     | 12. -lacio   | -äre | -lexi   | -lectum   | <i>entice.</i>    |
|     | 13. -specio  | -äre | -spexi  | -spectum  | <i>espy.</i>      |
|     | 14. pingo    | -äre | pinxi   | pictum    | <i>paint.</i>     |
|     | 15. stringo  | -äre | strinxi | strictum  | <i>bind.</i>      |
|     | 16. fingo    | -äre | finxi   | fictum    | <i>fashion</i>    |
|     | 17. figo     | -äre | fixi    | fixum     | <i>fix.</i>       |
|     | 18. traho    | -äre | traxi   | tractum   | <i>draw.</i>      |
|     | 19. veho     | -äre | vexi    | vectum    | <i>carry.</i>     |

|     | Present. | Infin. | Perfect. | Supine.  |                  |
|-----|----------|--------|----------|----------|------------------|
| 20. | vivo     | -ĕre   | vixi     | victum   | <i>live.</i>     |
| 21. | struo    | -ĕre   | struxi   | structum | <i>pile.</i>     |
| 22. | fluo     | -ĕre   | fluxi    | fluxum   | <i>flow.</i>     |
| 23. | mergo    | -ĕre   | mersi    | mersum   | <i>drown.</i>    |
| 24. | tergo    | -ĕre   | tersi    | tersum   | <i>wipe.</i>     |
| 25. | spargo   | -ĕre   | sparsi   | sparsum  | <i>sprinkle.</i> |

## Dental Stems, -si, -sum.

|     |     |         |      |           |         |                        |
|-----|-----|---------|------|-----------|---------|------------------------|
| (2) | 1.  | divido  | -ĕre | divisi    | divisum | <i>divide.</i>         |
|     | 2.  | ludo    | -ĕre | lusi      | lusum   | <i>play.</i>           |
|     | 3.  | trudo   | -ĕre | trusi     | trusum  | <i>thrust.</i>         |
|     | 4.  | rodo    | -ĕre | rosi      | rosum   | <i>gnaw.</i>           |
|     | 5.  | laedo   | -ĕre | laesi     | laesum  | <i>hurt.</i>           |
|     | 6.  | claudio | -ĕre | clausi    | clausum | <i>shut.</i>           |
|     | 7.  | rado    | -ĕre | rasi      | rasum   | <i>scrape.</i>         |
|     | 8.  | vado    | -ĕre | -vasi     | -vasum  | <i>go.</i>             |
|     | 9.  | plaudo  | -ĕre | plausi    | plausum | <i>clap the hands.</i> |
|     | 10. | cĕdo    | -ĕre | cessi     | cessum  | <i>yield.</i>          |
|     | 11. | meto    | -ĕre | messui    | messum  | <i>mow, reap.</i>      |
|     | 12. | mitto   | -ĕre | misi      | missum  | <i>send.</i>           |
|     | 13. | quāt-io | -ĕre | (quassi)  | quassum | <i>shake.</i>          |
|     | 14. | flecto  | -ĕre | flexi     | flexum  | <i>bend.</i>           |
|     | 15. | necto   | -ĕre | nexi (ui) | nexum   | <i>bind.</i>           |
|     | 16. | pecto   | -ĕre | pexi (ui) | pexum   | <i>comb.</i>           |

## Labial Stems, -si, -tum.

|     |    |        |      |         |          |                    |
|-----|----|--------|------|---------|----------|--------------------|
| (3) | 1. | scribo | -ĕre | scripsi | scriptum | <i>write.</i>      |
|     | 2. | carpo  | -ĕre | carpsi  | carptum  | <i>pluck.</i>      |
|     | 3. | repo   | -ĕre | repsi   | reptum   | <i>creep.</i>      |
|     | 4. | nubo   | -ĕre | nupsi   | nuptum   | <i>be married.</i> |
|     | 5. | scalpo | -ĕre | scalpsi | scalptum | <i>scratch.</i>    |
|     | 6. | glubo  | -ĕre | glupsi  | gluptum  | <i>peel.</i>       |

## Liquid Stems, -si, -tum (one -sum).

|     |    |       |      |         |          |                    |
|-----|----|-------|------|---------|----------|--------------------|
| (4) | 1. | como  | -ĕre | compsi  | comptum  | <i>adorn.</i>      |
|     | 2. | promo | -ĕre | prompsi | promptum | <i>take forth.</i> |
|     | 3. | sumo  | -ĕre | sumpsi  | sumptum  | <i>take.</i>       |
|     | 4. | demo  | -ĕre | dempsi  | demptum  | <i>take away.</i>  |
|     | 5. | temno | -ĕre | tempsti | temptum  | <i>despise.</i>    |
|     | 6. | gero  | -ĕre | gessi   | gestum   | <i>carry on.</i>   |
|     | 7. | uro   | -ĕre | ussi    | ustum    | <i>burn.</i>       |
|     | 8. | premo | -ĕre | pressi  | pressum  | <i>press.</i>      |

## Stem various, -ui, -tum (one -sum).

|     |    |         |      |          |           |                 |
|-----|----|---------|------|----------|-----------|-----------------|
| (5) | 1. | alo     | -ĕre | alui     | altum     | <i>nourish.</i> |
|     | 2. | colo    | -ĕre | colui    | cultum    | <i>till.</i>    |
|     | 3. | consulo | -ĕre | consului | consultum | <i>consult.</i> |
|     | 4. | occulo  | -ĕre | occului  | occultum  | <i>hide.</i>    |
|     | 5. | vomo    | -ĕre | vomui    | vomitum   | <i>vomit.</i>   |
|     | 6. | fremo   | -ĕre | fremui   | frenitum  | <i>murmur.</i>  |

| Present.   | Infín. | Perfect. | Supíne.   |                      |
|------------|--------|----------|-----------|----------------------|
| 7. gemo    | -ĕre   | gemui    | gemítum   | <i>groom.</i>        |
| 8. tremo   | -ĕre   | tremui   | —         | <i>tremble.</i>      |
| 9. pono    | -ĕre   | posui    | positum   | <i>place.</i>        |
| 10. gigno  | -ĕre   | genui    | genítum   | <i>produce.</i>      |
| 11. sero   | -ĕre   | serui    | sertum    | <i>join.</i>         |
| 12. cumbo  | -ĕre   | cubui    | cubitum   | <i>lie down.</i>     |
| 13. strepo | -ĕre   | strepui  | strepítum | <i>roar.</i>         |
| 14. rapio  | -ĕre   | rapui    | raptum    | <i>seize.</i>        |
| 15. texo   | -ĕre   | texui    | textum    | <i>weave.</i>        |
| 16. elicio | -ĕre   | elicui   | elicítum  | <i>entice forth.</i> |

## Present Stem Anomalous, -vi, -tum.

|             |      |            |             |                       |
|-------------|------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| (6) 1. lino | -ĕre | lĕvi       | lítum       | <i>smear.</i>         |
| 2. sino     | -ĕre | sĭvi       | sítum       | <i>allow.</i>         |
| 3. cerno    | -ĕre | crĕvi      | crĕtum      | <i>sift, discern.</i> |
| 4. sperno   | -ĕre | sprĕvi     | sprĕtum     | <i>despise.</i>       |
| 5. sterno   | -ĕre | strĕvi     | strĕtum     | <i>strew.</i>         |
| 6. sero     | -ĕre | sĕvi       | sĕtum       | <i>sow.</i>           |
| 7. cresco   | -ĕre | crĕvi      | crĕtum      | <i>grow.</i>          |
| 8. suesco   | -ĕre | suĕvi      | suĕtum      | <i>be wont.</i>       |
| 9. quiesco  | -ĕre | quiĕvi     | quiĕtum     | <i>rest.</i>          |
| 10. nosco   | -ĕre | nōvi       | nōtum       | <i>know.</i>          |
| 11. pasco   | -ĕre | pāvi       | pastum      | <i>feed.</i>          |
| 12. quaero  | -ĕre | quaesĭvi   | quaesítum   | <i>seek.</i>          |
| 13. tero    | -ĕre | trĭvi      | trĭtum      | <i>rub.</i>           |
| 14. arcesso | -ĕre | arcessĭvi  | arcessítum  | <i>send for.</i>      |
| 15. cupio   | -ĕre | cupĭvi     | cupítum     | <i>desire.</i>        |
| 16. peto    | -ĕre | petĭvi     | petítum     | <i>seek.</i>          |
| 17. lacesso | -ĕre | laccessĭvi | laccessítum | <i>provoke.</i>       |

## Redupl., -sum or -tum.

|                           |      |         |               |                                          |
|---------------------------|------|---------|---------------|------------------------------------------|
| (7) (a) 1. pendo          | -ĕre | pependi | pensum        | <i>weigh.</i>                            |
| 2. tendo                  | -ĕre | tetendi | tensum (-tum) | <i>stretch.</i>                          |
| 3. tundo                  | -ĕre | tutūdi  | tunsum        | <i>thump.</i>                            |
| 4. curro                  | -ĕre | cucurri | cursum        | <i>run.</i>                              |
| 5. parco                  | -ĕre | peperci | parsum        | <i>spare.</i>                            |
| 6. pello                  | -ĕre | pepūli  | pulsum        | <i>drive.</i>                            |
| 7. fallo                  | -ĕre | fefelli | falsum        | <i>deceive.</i>                          |
| 8. cado                   | -ĕre | ceceidi | cāsum         | <i>fall.</i>                             |
| 9. caedo                  | -ĕre | ceceidi | caesum        | <i>cut, beat, kill.</i>                  |
| (b) 1. pungo              | -ĕre | pupūgi  | punctum       | <i>prick.</i>                            |
| 2. pario                  | -ĕre | pepĕri  | partum        | <i>bring forth.</i>                      |
| 3. cāno                   | -ĕre | ceceini | cantum        | <i>sing.</i>                             |
| 4. pango                  | -ĕre | pepĭgi  | pactum        | <i>fasten.</i>                           |
| 5. tango                  | -ĕre | tetiĭgi | tactum        | <i>touch.</i>                            |
| 6. Reduplicated from sto: |      |         |               |                                          |
| sisto                     | -ĕre | -stiti  | stātum        | { stand or make<br>to stand.<br>take up. |
| 7. tollo                  | -ĕre | sustūli | sublātum      |                                          |

| Present.             | Infin. | Perfect   | Supine.  |                           |
|----------------------|--------|-----------|----------|---------------------------|
| 8. posco             | -ĕre   | poposci   | —        | <i>demand.</i>            |
| 9. disco             | -ĕre   | didici    | —        | <i>learn.</i>             |
| 10. Compounds of do: |        |           |          |                           |
| addo                 | -ĕre   | addidi    | additum  | <i>add.</i>               |
| condo                | -ĕre   | condidi   | conditum | <i>found, hide.</i>       |
| credo                | -ĕre   | credidi   | creditum | <i>believe, trust.</i>    |
| perdo                | -ĕre   | perdidici | perditum | <i>lose.</i>              |
| reddo                | -ĕre   | reddidi   | redditum | <i>restore.</i>           |
| edo                  | -ĕre   | edidi     | editum   | <i>give forth, utter.</i> |
| prōdo                | -ĕre   | prodidi   | proditum | <i>betray.</i>            |
| trādo                | -ĕre   | tradidi   | traditum | <i>deliver.</i>           |
| vendo                | -ĕre   | vendidi   | venditum | <i>sell.</i>              |
| dādo                 | -ĕre   | dedidi    | deditum  | <i>give up.</i>           |

## -i with lengthened Stem-vowel, -tum.

|              |      |       |         |                      |
|--------------|------|-------|---------|----------------------|
| (8) 1. facio | -ĕre | fēci  | factum  | <i>make.</i>         |
| 2. jacio     | -ĕre | jēci  | jactum  | <i>throw.</i>        |
| 3. linquo    | -ĕre | līqui | lictum  | <i>leave.</i>        |
| 4. vinco     | -ĕre | vīci  | victum  | <i>conquer.</i>      |
| 5. ago       | -ĕre | āgi   | actum   | <i>do.</i>           |
| 6. frango    | -ĕre | frāgi | fractum | <i>break.</i>        |
| 7. lego      | -ĕre | lēgi  | lectum  | <i>choose, read.</i> |
| 8. capio     | -ĕre | cēpi  | captum  | <i>take.</i>         |
| 9. rumpo     | -ĕre | rūpi  | ruptum  | <i>break.</i>        |
| 10. emo      | -ĕre | ēmi   | emptum  | <i>buy, take.</i>    |
| 11. fugio    | -ĕre | fūgi  | fugitum | <i>fly.</i>          |
| 12. bibo     | -ĕre | bībi  | bibitum | <i>drink.</i>        |

## -i with lengthened Stem-vowel, -sum.

|            |      |      |        |              |
|------------|------|------|--------|--------------|
| (9) 1. edo | -ĕre | ēdi  | esum   | <i>eat.</i>  |
| 2. fodio   | -ĕre | fodi | fossum | <i>dig.</i>  |
| 3. fundo   | -ĕre | fudi | fusum  | <i>pour.</i> |

## -i, -sum.

|              |      |                |           |                     |
|--------------|------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| (10) 1. cudo | -ĕre | cudi           | cusum     | <i>fabricate.</i>   |
| 2. scando    | -ĕre | scandi         | scansum   | <i>climb.</i>       |
| 3. pando     | -ĕre | pandi          | pansum    | <i>spread.</i>      |
| 4. -cando    | -ĕre | -cendi         | -censum   | <i>set on fire.</i> |
| 5. -fendo    | -ĕre | -fendi         | -fensum   | <i>strike.</i>      |
| 6. prehendo  | -ĕre | prehendi       | prehensum | <i>grasp.</i>       |
| 7. verto     | -ĕre | verti          | versum    | <i>turn.</i>        |
| 8. vello     | -ĕre | velli or vulsi | vulsum    | <i>rend.</i>        |
| 9. findo     | -ĕre | fidi           | flissum   | <i>cleave.</i>      |
| 10. scindo   | -ĕre | scīdi          | scissum   | <i>tear.</i>        |

## B. U-verbs: -i, -tum.

|                |      |        |          |                     |
|----------------|------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| (11) 1. tribuo | -ĕre | tribui | tributum | <i>assign.</i>      |
| 2. solvo       | -ĕre | solvi  | solutum  | <i>loosen, pay.</i> |
| 3. volvo       | -ĕre | volvi  | volutum  | <i>roll.</i>        |

| Present. | Infín. | Perf. | Supine. |                     |
|----------|--------|-------|---------|---------------------|
| 4. luo   | -ère   | lui   | luitum  | <i>wash, atone.</i> |
| 5. ruo   | -ère   | ruí   | ruitum  | <i>rush, fall.</i>  |
| 6. metuo | -ère   | metui | —       | <i>fear.</i>        |
| 7. nuo   | -ère   | nui   | —       | <i>nod.</i>         |

(IV.) FOURTH CONJUGATION (Character **II**: Aud **II**-re).

|              |       |        |          |
|--------------|-------|--------|----------|
| Usual form : | -io   | -ivi   | -itum    |
|              | audio | audivi | audítum. |

## EXCEPTIONS.

-ui or ivi, tum.

|     |            |      |            |           |                |
|-----|------------|------|------------|-----------|----------------|
| (1) | 1. amicio  | -ire | amicui     | amictum   | <i>clothe.</i> |
|     | 2. aperio  | -ire | aperui     | apertum   | <i>open.</i>   |
|     | 3. salio   | -ire | salui (ii) | (-sultum) | <i>leap.</i>   |
|     | 4. sepelio | -ire | sepelivi   | sepultum  | <i>bury.</i>   |

-si, -tum (one -sum).

|     |           |      |        |         |                    |
|-----|-----------|------|--------|---------|--------------------|
| (2) | 1. fulcio | -ire | fulsi  | fultum  | <i>prop.</i>       |
|     | 2. farcio | -ire | farsi  | fartum  | <i>stuff.</i>      |
|     | 3. sarcio | -ire | sarsi  | sartum  | <i>mend, darn.</i> |
|     | 4. sancio | -ire | sanxi  | sanctum | <i>consecrate.</i> |
|     | 5. vincio | -ire | vinxi  | vincum  | <i>bind.</i>       |
|     | 6. saepio | -ire | saepsi | saepum  | <i>inclose.</i>    |
|     | 7. haurio | -ire | hausi  | haustum | <i>drain.</i>      |
|     | 8. sentio | -ire | sensi  | sensum  | <i>feel.</i>       |

-i, -tum.

|     |             |      |         |           |                     |
|-----|-------------|------|---------|-----------|---------------------|
| (3) | 1. comperio | -ire | compëri | compertum | <i>find.</i>        |
|     | 2. reperio  | -ire | reppëri | repertum  | <i>discover.</i>    |
|     | 3. venio    | -ire | veni    | ventum    | <i>come.</i>        |
|     | 4. veneo    | -ire | venii   | —         | <i>am for sale.</i> |

## (V.) DEPENDENT VERBS.

(1) FIRST CONJUGATION (Part. Perf. -ātus).

(2) SECOND CONJUGATION (Part. Perf. -ītus).

## EXCEPTIONS.

| Present.    | Infín. | Part. Perf.           |                      |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. reor     | -ëri   | ratus                 | <i>think.</i>        |
| 2. misereor | -ëri   | miseritus or misertus | <i>have pity on.</i> |
| 3. fateor   | -ëri   | fassus                | <i>confess.</i>      |

(3) THIRD CONJUGATION (Part. Perf. -sus or -tus).

|              |    |                |                 |
|--------------|----|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. fungor    | -i | functus        | <i>perform.</i> |
| 2. utor      | -i | usus           | <i>use.</i>     |
| 3. nitor     | -i | nisus or nixus | <i>strive.</i>  |
| 4. amplector | -i | amplexus       | <i>embrace.</i> |

| Present.        | Infín. | Part. Perfect. |                     |
|-----------------|--------|----------------|---------------------|
| 5. patior       | -i     | passus         | <i>suffer.</i>      |
| 6. gradior      | -i     | gressus        | <i>step.</i>        |
| 7. fatiscor     | -i     | fessus         | <i>grow weary.</i>  |
| 8. labor        | -i     | lapsus         | <i>glide, fall.</i> |
| 9. pascor       | -i     | pastus         | <i>feed.</i>        |
| 10. irascor     | -i     | irātus         | <i>be angry.</i>    |
| 11. ulciscor    | -i     | ultus          | <i>avenge.</i>      |
| 12. adipiscor   | -i     | adeptus        | <i>acquire.</i>     |
| 13. proficiscor | -i     | profectus      | <i>set out.</i>     |
| 14. expergiscor | -i     | experrectus    | <i>wake up.</i>     |
| 15. obliviscor  | -i     | oblītus        | <i>forget.</i>      |
| 16. comminiscor | -i     | commentus      | <i>devise.</i>      |
| 17. nanciscor   | -i     | nactus         | <i>obtain.</i>      |
| 18. paciscor    | -i     | pactus         | <i>bargain.</i>     |
| 19. nascor      | -i     | natus          | <i>be born.</i>     |
| 20. morior      | -i     | mortuus        | <i>die.</i>         |
| 21. orior *     | -iri   | ortus          | <i>rise.</i>        |
| 22. queror      | -i     | questus        | <i>complain.</i>    |
| 23. fruor       | -i     | fruitus        | <i>enjoy.</i>       |
| 24. loquor      | -i     | locutus        | <i>speak.</i>       |
| 25. sequor      | -i     | secutus        | <i>follow.</i>      |

## (4) FOURTH CONJUGATION (Part. Perf. -ītus).

## EXCEPTIONS.

|              |      |          |                  |
|--------------|------|----------|------------------|
| 1. ordior    | -iri | orsus    | <i>begin.</i>    |
| 2. metior    | -iri | mensus   | <i>measure.</i>  |
| 3. assentior | -iri | assensus | <i>agree.</i>    |
| 4. experior  | -iri | expertus | <i>try.</i>      |
| 5. opperior  | -iri | oppertus | <i>wait for.</i> |

\* Orior in some forms follows the Third, in others the Fourth Conjugation.

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